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MOSCOW ADAMANT. REJECT FRENCH OFFER OF MEDIATION.

CHINA MUST COMPLY WITH THE ULTIMATUM DEMANDS.

MORE PEACE EFFORTS.

Strong influences are being brought to bear with a view to securing a peaceful settlement of the Sino-Russian dispute, but no definite indication of immediate prospects is forthcoming. At present, there appears to be a hull in the storm, and no further border incidents are reported.

Both China and Russia have indicated their intention to abide by their obligations under the Kellogg Pact. This, however, does not guarantee a peaceful outcome, as the Pact does not prohibit what either side interprets to be a "defensive war."

Significantly, France had made an offer to Russia to act as mediator in the dispute, but the Soviet Government has refused the offer. The Soviet still demands compliance with the terms of her Ultimatum before she will enter into negotiation.

BOTH "ABIDING BY" KELLOGG PACT.

Moscow, July 22. The Tass (Official) Agency states that the Soviet had declined the offer made by France to mediate in the Soviet-Chinese conflict, owing to the refusal of the Chinese authorities to restore the previous conditions of the Chinese Eastern Railway as demanded in the Soviet Note of July 13th.—Reuter.

"Bulwark of Peace."

Later. The Soviet statement refusing France's mediation says regarding the question of possible further complications that no-one is more concerned for the maintenance of peace than the Soviet Government.

It says, "there is no reason to doubt that the U.S.S.R. has been and remains a bulwark of peace."

In connexion with the statement by the French Embassy at Washington that it has no information regarding the Soviet's steps taken by Mr. Stimson, the Tass Agency informed that the Foreign Commissariat had not received notification of any steps by the United States government in connexion with the Russo-Chinese rapprochement.

A Washington message says Mr. Stimson has announced that the Japanese Ambassador has informed him that the Japanese Foreign Minister is fully co-operating in the move to avert hostilities in Manchuria.—Reuter.

Communists Annoyed.

Berlin, July 22. It is reported from Moscow that the Central Executive Committee of the Soviet has decided to exclude from the Communist Party, Mr. Bukharin and six other members of the Opposition.

The C.E.C. also passed a resolution urging Communists in other countries to hold a General Strike on August 1st, as a protest against "the Imperialist steps taken against Russia, for example, the confiscation of the Chinese Eastern Railway."—Reuter.

ANTI-WAR PACT REMINDER

Russia and China Give Assurances.

Washington, July 22. The Chinese Minister (Mr. C. C. Wu) acting on instructions from the Nanking Government, to-day informed Col. H. L. Stimson, the Secretary of State, that China has abided by her obligations under the Kellogg Pact and would continue to do so.

Dr. C. C. Wu added that he was hopeful that an amicable settlement would be found to the present difficulties.

The French Ambassador has notified Col. Stimson that the Russian Ambassador in Paris had informed M. Briand, the French Foreign Minister, that the Soviet would abide by the Kellogg Pact.—Reuter's American Service.

Japan Disbelieves.

Tokyo, July 22. Although the list of Col. Stimson's statements, appearing in the

BRITAIN AND THE SOVIET.

HAS LABOUR GESTURE BEEN REJECTED?

SINO-RUSSIAN DISCUSSION IN THE COMMONS.

STRIVING FOR PEACE

London, July 22. The vastly different problems of Sino-Russian, Sino-British and Russo-British relations were curiously intermingled in the course of a brief discussion of foreign policy, in the House of Commons at question-time to-day. The Sino-Russian imbroglio loomed largely in the interest of the Commons, and Mr. Arthur Henderson, the Foreign Secretary, told questioners that the British Government was prepared to exhaust every means to secure a peaceful settlement of the dispute arising from the seizure of the Chinese Eastern Railway.

Which At Fault.

Replying to a suggestion that it would be better to use the machinery already existing for such a purpose, Mr. Henderson pointed out that one of the disputants (Olhini) was a member of the League of Nations, but the other was not, and it is not easy to set the machinery in operation.

The feeling among the Conservatives was voiced by Sir Henry Page-Croft, who sought an assurance that there would be no closer diplomatic relations with either Russia or China till it was certain that the Kellogg Pact for the renunciation of war had not been violated by them.

Official circles are sceptical that the United States has taken such a step and deny that Japan has been informed that any such action was contemplated, though it is understood that Col. Stimson held a long conversation with the Japanese Ambassador (Mr. Ichibuchi) on the 18th inst, regarding the developments in Manchuria.

And Dislikes.

In the meantime, comments in the vernacular papers appear to indicate that Japan does not favour American initiative in mediating the Sino-Soviet dispute. They add that Japan, too, should exercise the greatest caution before adopting a definite step owing to the extreme delicacy of the situation.—Reuter.

SOVIET VICTIMISATION.

Chinese Contemplating Reprisals?

Harbin, July 22. Three full brigades of Kirin troops have passed through for Suiyeho.

It is understood, that a chaotic state prevails at Manchuli, on the northern frontier. The majority of the Chinese authorities have fled. Requests have been sent to Harbin asking for reinforcement of Chinese troops.

Three Chinese steamers full of cargo and passengers, many being refugees from Soviet territories, were detained in the Amur River by the Soviet authorities. The passengers have been kept prisoners.

Harbin is excited at the news of the detention of over 10,000 Chinese residents in Russia by the Soviet authorities and the reported confiscation of Chinese funds deposited in banking institutions in Soviet cities. It is rumoured that the Chinese authorities are contemplating a reprisal by seizing a very large amount, believed to be over ten million dollars, deposited in Russian banks in Harbin by the management of the C.E.C.

AMERICAN DISPLEASURE.

Chiang Kai-Shek Manifesto Criticised.

Washington, July 22. State Department officials are greatly surprised by Marshal Chiang Kai-shek's manifesto urging the Chinese army "to rise against Red Imperialism," adding that "unless we unite in a fight against Red Imperialism, our country and people will perish."

It is pointed out at the State Department that American Service

THE TYPHOON.

A Manila warning issued at 10.30 a.m. to-day stated that the typhoon was situated in about 131° Long. and 18° Lat., being almost stationary. A previous message stated that the typhoon was inclining westwards.

CHINA MERCHANTS DISASTER.

"HSIN KONG" SINKS AFTER COLLISION.

HEAVY LOSS OF LIFE.

Shanghai, July 23. Another disaster has befallen the China Merchants Steam Navigation Company by the founders of the a.s.s. "Hsin Kong," as the result of a collision, accompanied, it is feared, by considerable loss of life.

The steamer, which was commanded by Captain E. Hansen, was proceeding from Shanghai to Tientsin when she collided with the Nippon Yusen Kaisha a.s.s. Tatsumi Maru on Sunday afternoon, on the north-eastern promontory of Shantung.

There was considerable panic when the vessels collided, and although every effort was made to save those on board the "Hsin Kong" before she went down, it is reported that a hundred lives were lost.

Those saved included the Captain, the crew of forty members, and more than a hundred passengers.—Our Own Correspondent.

The "Hsin Kong" was a steel screw steamer of 2,146 tons, and was built by Messrs. Farnham,

CHIEF STEWARD DIES OF PLAGUE.

"City of Tokyo" Placed in Quarantine.

DELAYED IN SHANGHAI.

Shanghai, July 23. The Ellerman Line steamer "City of Tokyo," from European ports, has been placed in quarantine on arrival here, in consequence of the death from bubonic plague of the Chief Steward, Mr. A. Farquhar.

The deceased was stricken with the disease just after leaving Singapore, and he passed away after the steamer's departure from Hongkong.

There are no passengers aboard.—Our Own Correspondent.

Mr. Henderson vouchsafed no reply to a question by Mr. Lockyer-Lompson based on General Chang Hsueh-Hung's report that the Soviet forces attacked at Suiyeho equipped with poison gas asking whether Mr. Henderson would do his utmost to prevent the Soviet from using poison gas.

Another member suggested that in view of the present condition of Sino-Russian relations, Mr. Henderson should defer resumption of negotiations with regard to Russo-British relations.

Mr. Henderson said he could not agree to that.

British Gesture Ignored?

In answer to questions regarding the present position regarding Russo-British relations, Mr. Henderson said he had not yet received a reply to the invitation he had extended to Russia to appoint a representative to visit London for personal discussion of the outstanding problems.

A Conservative member—Does this mean that the British Government has initiated negotiations with the Soviet and that the initiation has been ignored?

Mr. Henderson—"I surely must wait a certain period to give the Soviet Government an opportunity to decide their policy."—Reuter.

Berlin Reports Rejection.

Berlin, July 22. While no official intimation has been conveyed to the British Government, the Moscow correspondent of the Berlin Tagesschau reports that he learns from a reliable source that the Soviet Government has decided not to accept the British Government's proposal to send delegates to London to discuss the conditions for the resumption of diplomatic relations between Britain and Russia, without a definite declaration by the British Government in regard to the matter.—Reuter.

AMERICAN TEAM FOR DAVIS CUP.

THE PROMINENT PLAYERS AT WIMBLETON.

New York, July 22. The American team to meet France in the challenge round of the Davis Cup competition has been selected as follows:

W. T. Tilden.

W. Allison.

J. Van Ryn.

G. Lott, Junr.

All these players are already in Europe. The match starts on Friday, and will continue on Saturday and Sunday next.—Reuter.

AMERICAN TARIFF PROPOSALS.

MORE PROTESTS BY FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

Washington, July 22.

Three more European Governments have made representations to the State Department with regard to the new Tariff Bill.

Norway and Holland have protested against the proposed increase in the duty on matches to 20 cents gross, while Austria has asked that the increase in the duty on medical instruments from 45 to 70 per cent. should not be applied to certain X-ray apparatus which is manufactured entirely abroad.—Reuter's American Service.

A Manila warning issued at 10.30 a.m. to-day stated that the typhoon was situated in about 131° Long. and 18° Lat., being almost stationary. A previous message stated that the typhoon was inclining westwards.

KOWLOON MUI TASI CASE ENDS.

"GROSS CRUELTY" NOT PROVED.

MAGISTRATE FINDS SHAMEFUL OVER-WORKING.

\$100 FINE IMPOSED.

That she had shamefully over-worked the girl, although the treatment did not amount to gross cruelty, was the finding of Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith who gave judgment at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning in the *mui tsai* case in which a widow, of To Kwa Wan, was charged with ill-treating and over-working a *mai tsai* as well as failing to provide sufficient food and clothes.

His Worship, in registering a conviction, commented that if the defendant, whom he fined \$100, did not pay the fine, she would, he was sure, find her imprisonment much easier than the *mai tsai* had found the work at the factory.

Before delivering judgment, his Worship said he wanted to ask Mr. H. R. Butters, who appeared for the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs, a question which would not however affect his decision.

Night Work.

He asked if Mr. Butters could tell him if there was any reason why the factory should be open at night.

Mr. Butters replied that he understood from the manager of the factory that it was a question of pressure of work. Night work did not synchronise with the work at a factory.

His Worship said that a brewery had to keep open all night as it was a continuous process and could not close.

Mr. Butters said there was nothing like that in the case of the factory. They had pressure of work, but as soon as the pressure ceased, night work was discontinued.

Giving judgment, his Worship said that he had to find whether the defendant had over-worked or ill-treated such *mai tsai*, and, if so, whether such ill-treatment amounted to gross cruelty. His Worship said he would have held that the treatment had amounted to gross cruelty.

For two and a half months the girl had worked at the knitting factory every night for 10½ hours without a break, standing practically the whole time.

Didn't get a Cent.

For this, the wages were 35 cents a night, but the girl never touched a cent of it. On going home if such place could be called "home," in the early morning, the girl must have been thoroughly exhausted, yet she had to carry water or do other household work before she rested.

According to the medical evidence, that life must have been injurious to the girl's health. Nor did such treatment appear to be in any way sanctioned by Chinese custom.

The defendant herself must realise, continued his Worship, that she was imposing on the girl conditions of life which no girl in her condition of life should accept.

His Worship said he would take into consideration the fact that the defendant had been for a fortnight in custody. She would be fined \$100, with the alternative of two months' imprisonment, that was to say, if she did not pay the fine she would spend in prison practically the same period that the *mai tsai* had spent at the knitting factory.

"I am sure," added his Worship, "you will have a much easier time than she had."

Returned to Mother.

His Worship pointed out to Mr. Butters that his finding amounted to a conviction on the first charge, while the defendant was acquitted of the second count.

Mr. Butters—"I would like to say that the *mai tsai*'s mother is in the Colony and the girl will be returned to her."

His Worship—"Yes, I am glad to hear that."

BLUE RIBAND OF ATLANTIC.

"BREMEN" SETS UP RECORD ON MAIDEN TRIP.

713 MILES IN A DAY!

New York, July 22.</

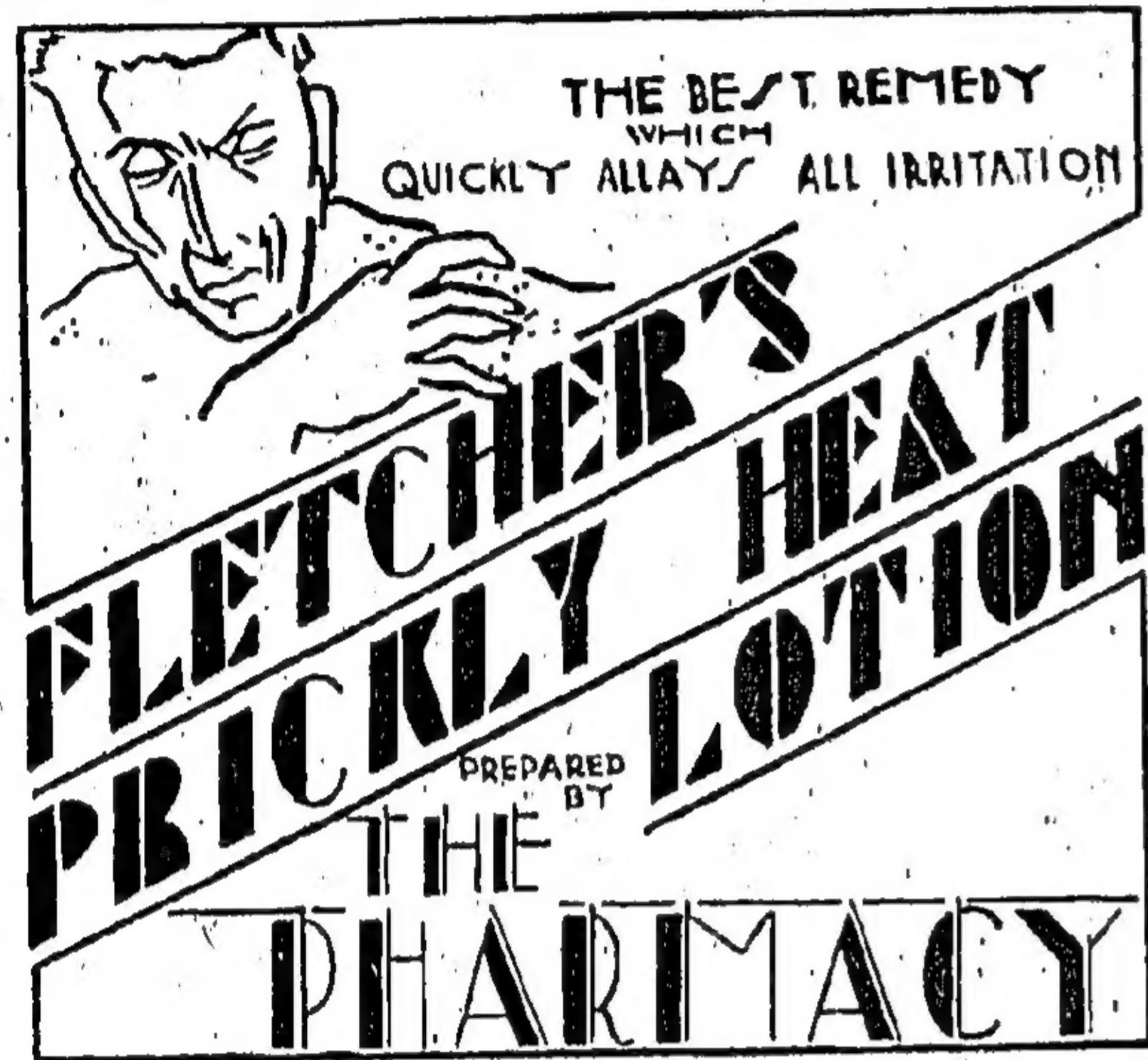
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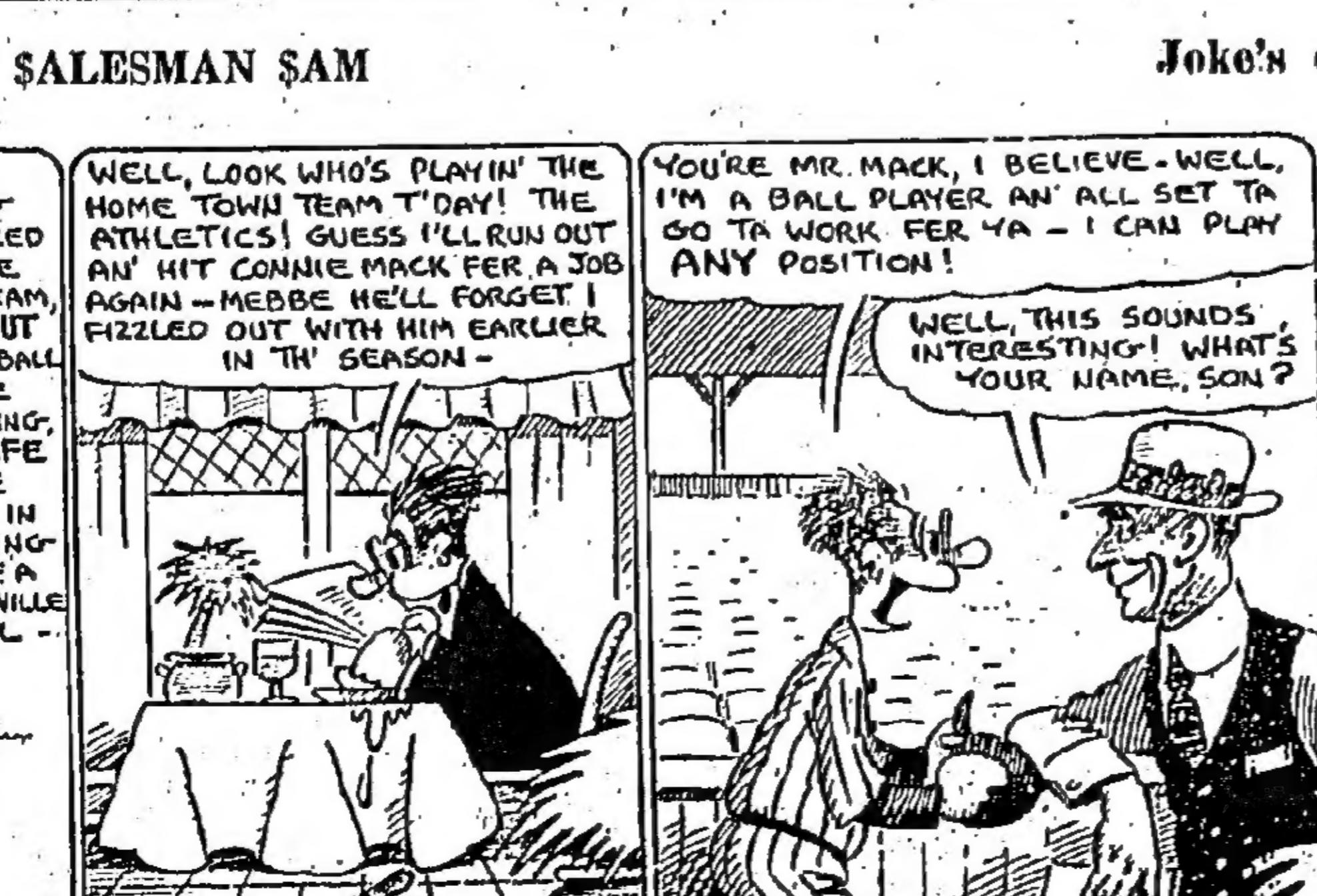
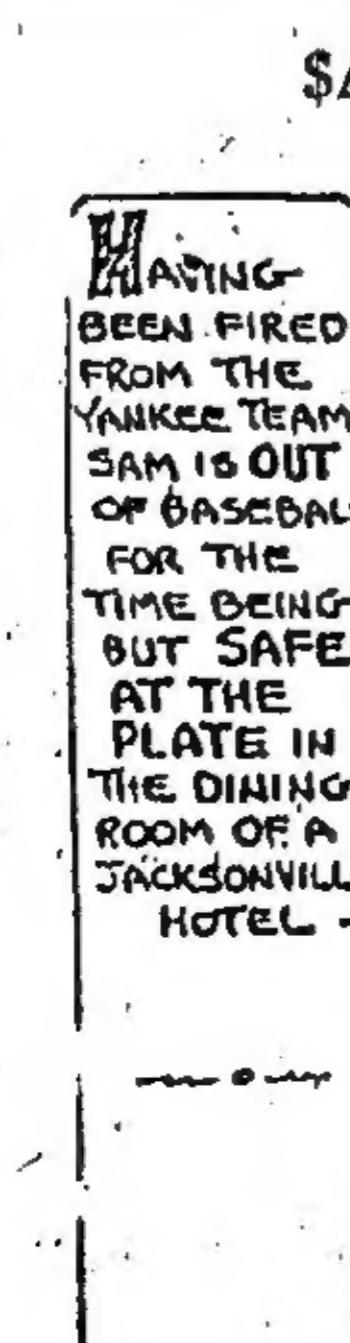
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FLETCHER'S PRICKLY HEAT LOTION
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OBITUARY.

DEATH OF A PROMINENT LIBRARIAN.

New York, July 22.

The death is announced of John Cotton Dana, the well-known librarian.—Reuters American Service.

[Mr. John Cotton Dana was born at Woodstock, in 1856, and after studying law was appointed land surveyor in Colorado. He was admitted to the New York Bar in 1883 and became librarian of the Denver Public Library in 1889. From 1898 to 1902 he held a similar position at the City Library, Springfield, Mass., and since then has been at the Newark City Library. He was director of the Newark Musical Association from its foundation in 1909. His published works include: "A Library Primer," "Notes on Bookbinding for Librarians," "Libraries, Addresses and Essays," "The New Museum," "American Art," "Gloom of the Museum," "The Installation of a Speaker—Suggestions," and the Modern American Library Economy series. He also made many contributions to magazines and journals.]

Late Mr. E. U. Reid.

Word was received in Hongkong yesterday of the death in Victoria (British Columbia), of Mr. E. U. Reid, formerly member of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson's staff, and well known in Hongkong, Canton and Shanghai.

The late Mr. Reid entered the service of Jardine, Matheson Ltd., in 1905 at Shanghai. He was later transferred to Canton, after seeing service with several of the Company's Japanese and Chinese branches. He was as the Company's agent in Canton that Mr. Reid is best remembered.

Mr. Reid was a well known horseman, and while in Shanghai took a keen interest in the Light Horse Division of the Shanghai Volunteer Defence Corps. He retired from the service of the firm in 1926 and went to Canada. He leaves a widow but no children.

MILITARY WEDDING.

INTERESTING CEREMONY AT THE CATHEDRAL.

Considerable interest was taken in the wedding which was solemnised at St. John's Cathedral yesterday afternoon of Miss Marjorie Ruth Exham, only daughter of Colonel F. S. Exham, D.S.O., R.A.C.C., Headquarters, China Command, and Mrs. Exham, and Mr. John Reginald Laing, only son of the late Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Laing. The service was conducted by the Dean, the Very Rev. Alfred Swann.

The bride, who entered the Cathedral on the arm of her father, by whom she was given away, was charmingly attired in a mediaeval gown of cream chiffon velvet, with jirdle of pearls and veil of hand-made lace, and carried a sheaf of latus lilies. She was attended by Miss Heather Monie, who wore a petticed dress of white net with pastelle shaded ribbon flowers and lace cap. The bridesmaid's bouquet consisted of a Victorian posy of pink and white roses.

The bride's mother was dressed in grey and black flowered georgette with black and grey hat.

The duties of "best man" were performed by Mr. W. A. H. Maxwell (K. O. S. B.).

At the conclusion of the ceremony, a reception was held at 373, The Peak, where the newly-married couple received the felicitations of their many friends and where the toasts of their health were heartily honoured.

The honeymoon will be spent on a motor tour in the United States, the bride's going away dress being of blue flowered georgette with blue straw hat and pale pink and brown kid shoes.

He added that he himself stood willing to proceed to the front.

The Commander-in-Chief (General Chan Chai-tong) also spoke

CANTON & RUSSIAN CRISIS.

PATRIOTIC PARADE ARRANGED.

Canton, July 22.

A telegram was sent to Nanking by the Canton Government asking for details regarding the present Sino-Soviet imbroglio and instructions should hostilities break out, and reply was received to-day. A meeting was later held at which all high rank civil and military officers were present, and they were addressed by Generals Chan Ming-shu and Chan Chai-tong.

General Chan said that he hoped every military man would do his part for his country, and that he was confident one-third of the troops in China would be sufficient if every one of them were willing to join the vanguards.

General Li Young-king, Chief-of-Staff to the Military Headquarters, was one of the officials at the meeting. Interviewed, he stated that the Canton Government had made preparations to send an adequate army to the North as soon as instructions had been received from Nanking.

At Government House, Canton, General Chan Ming-shu yesterday held a concilium with his civil officials in which he reported to the gathering a cable which he received earlier in the day from Mr. Hu Han-min, head of the Nanking Legislative Council. The telegrams urged the Canton militarists to support the Central Government in their fight against Russian oppression.

Gen. Chan Ming-shu Speaks.

At meeting held last Saturday (July 20) at the Provincial Tangpu (Kuomintang Headquarters) Chairman Chan Ming-shu delivered an address on the new development of the Manchurian situation, in the course of which he said in part:

"We must bear in mind that by Russia's sending troops to our frontier, the danger of a clash may become unavoidable. In the present international crisis, our people must be very clear on this point; this is a matter that concerns the entire nation—a matter of life and death to our race! There is only one thing to do—to rise together and live behind the Central Government, and with united hearts to help in resisting the invading forces!"

"Speaking from our position internationally, China has always regarded peace as of premier importance, as well as its guiding principle. In respect to our rights and interests, we have always sought the proper methods to safeguard them in our foreign transactions, for we have no desire to encroach on any foreign territory."

"Although we have had our own internal wars, there is, however, a fundamental difference in their aims from those of the armies at the front. This is patent to the world. We must, therefore, resolutely go forward; we will not tolerate any nation to encroach upon our soil, and we will unitedly resist any such encroachment with all our strength. That we believe is the only way we can hope to attain the purpose of our Revolution."

"In the past, we had to endure ignominy, because we did not cooperate together. In the China-Japan war, there was only one province in China—Chihli—that actually went into the fighting, while the rest of the provinces merely watched on. But to-day our people are awakened to a new life; the whole nation is now united! The Chinese Eastern Railway is no longer a question of a section of the country nor of Manchuria—nor of General Chung Huan-hung, but of the nation itself—to suffer or live in repose together! Therefore, let us rise together and do our utmost! Let our military comrades arouse their revolutionary spirit and set their hearts for sacrifice to the Fatherland!"

He added that he himself stood willing to proceed to the front.

The Commander-in-Chief (General Chan Chai-tong) also spoke

AN ERRAND OF MERCY

What more practical way of showing your sympathy than by bringing some "4711" Eau de Cologne? There are as many ways in which "4711" may be used in the sick room—Burned in a saucer—it will clear the atmosphere, sprinkled on the pillow it will refresh and coax earlier convalescence. A few drops in the toilet water are gratefully soothing to the skin.

Instead of flowers, bring "4711" next time.

"4711" Eau de Cologne—Soap
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Eau de Cologne

RUBBER COMPANY.

PROSPECTUS ISSUED OF MALAYA CONCERN.

London, July 22. The prospectus has been published by the Rubber Estates of Malaya with a capital of £400,000. All of this capital is offered for subscription.—Reuters.

with considerable feeling and emphasis.

Patriotic Parade.

The Provincial Kuomintang has decided to stage a patriotic parade on a monster scale for to-day (July 23). It will start at 8 o'clock from the Eastern Parade Ground from which point it will proceed through the principal thoroughfares of the city.

The procession will be headed by Mr. Li Young-king, chief of staff of the Commander-in-Chief, and will be divided into five different sections headed by prominent officials. Each section is to have a band and to represent different organs, institutions and trades of Canton to be followed up by units from the Army, Navy and Air forces.

The Bureau of Public Safety has ordered the police to take complete census of Russians and Russian property in Canton.

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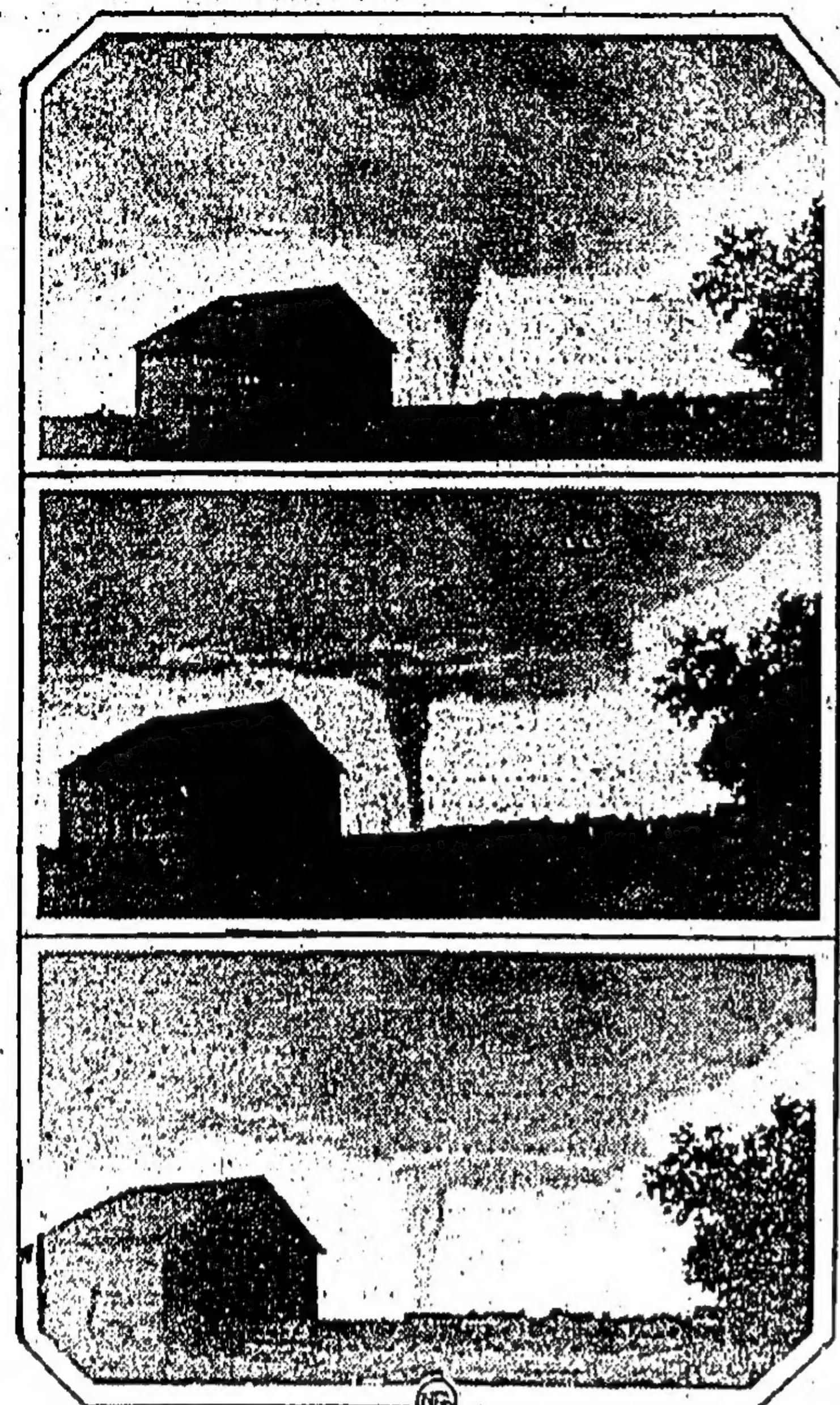
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"Below par"

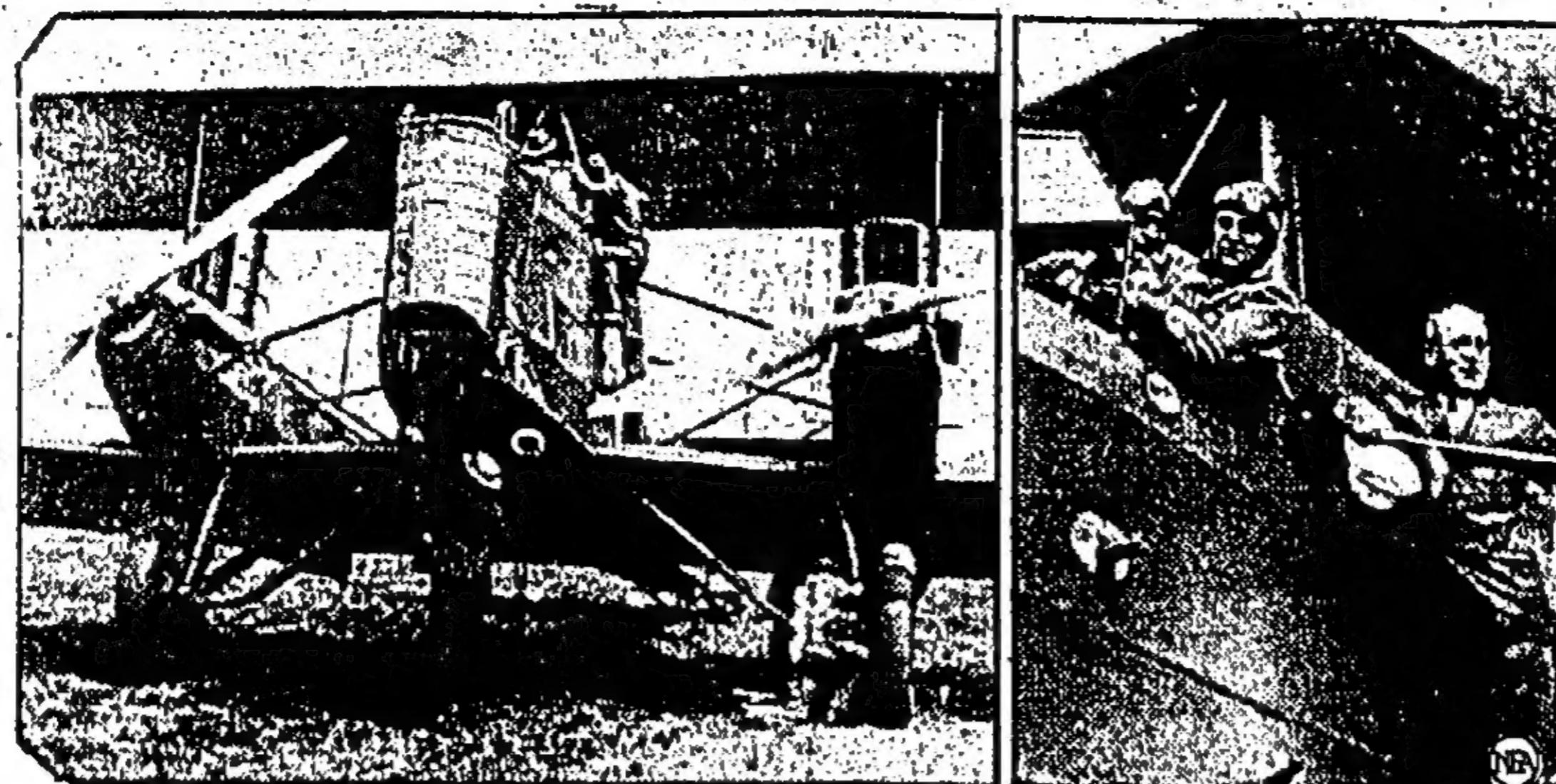
If you are run down and far from well—try SCOTT'S Emulsion.

It builds up the body heals the lungs and tones up the system. Ask for

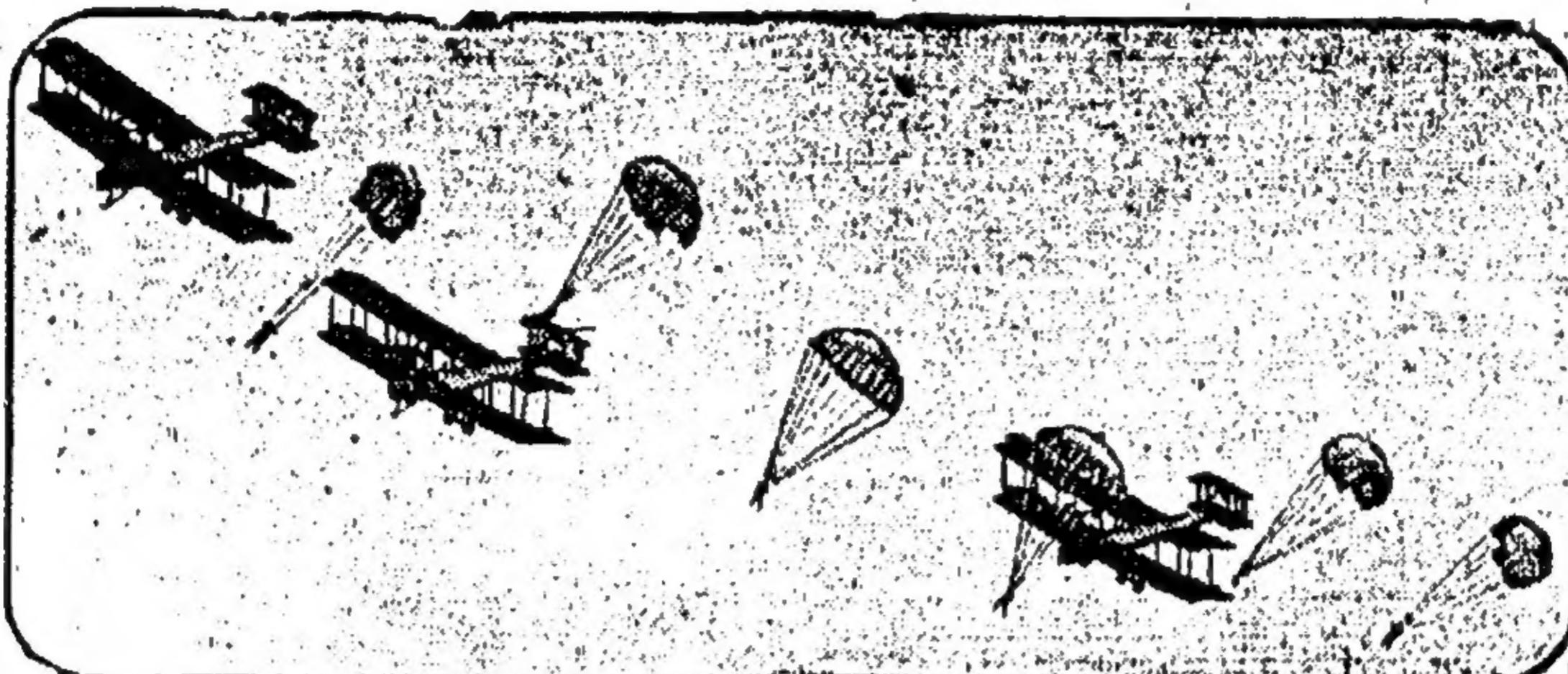
**SCOTT'S
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The protector of life



The remarkable pictures above taken in Kansas recently show a tornado on the move.



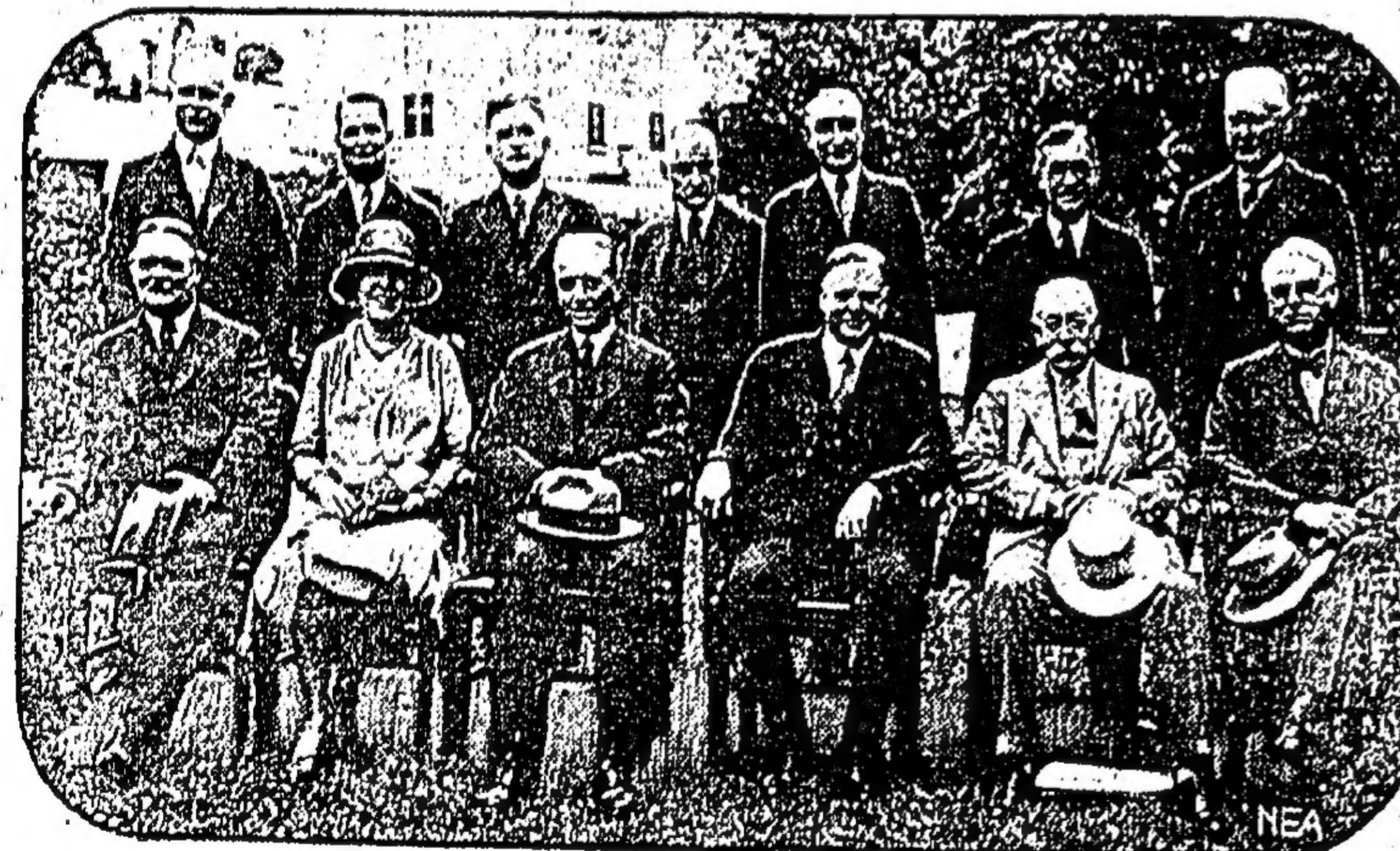
A giant Curtiss Condor bomber, the latest addition to American war-planes. It carries five men, six machine-guns, and over a ton of bombs. It is capable of flying at a height of 17,000 feet when loaded.



Taken over Hendon aerodrome some few weeks ago, our photo shows six parachute jumpers leaving their planes simultaneously. This was a rehearsal for the Hendon exhibition.



Taken at Swinley Forest when H. R. H. The Prince of Wales, partnered by Walter Hagen, the British Open champion, played Sir Philip Sassoon and Aubrey Boomer and won.



The members of President Hoover's commission to study conditions of law enforcement are shown above with the President on the White House lawn. The picture was taken shortly after President Hoover had charged the commission to reach a "courageous" conclusion.



Count Maxence de Polignac, who was arrested in a fashionable New York hotel on a charge of rum smuggling.



Our photo shows the historic gathering at the Hotel George V, in Paris, when the Reparations Experts signed the Owen Young Plan agreement. Sir Charles Addis is seen at the right, signing.



Mr. Walter Edge, probable U. S. Ambassador to France.

SUMMER SOCKS

Plain mercerised lisle thread in a good range of colours.

\$1.25 a pair.

Pure silk socks in plain colours or fancy designs in delightful colourings.

\$2.75 and \$3.00 a pair.

Art silk and cotton, silk and wool mixtures or pure soft wool from

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455, 461, 462, 465, 474, 476, 486, 515, 512,
542, 544

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FOR SALE.—On Broadwood Road, 3 roomed BUNGALOW. Write Secretary, Post Office Box No. 22.

FOR SALE.—MANUFACTURING SETS at prices from 45s. to \$8.75. Also small collection. CHOCOLATES. Patriotic Trading Co., 18, Lee House Street.

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Consignees per Company's Vessel
"AGAPENOR".

From NEW YORK via MANILA are hereby notified that the cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignee's risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The cargo will be ready for delivery from Golown on and after 23rd July. Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

All broken, chipped, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 29th July will be subject to rent.

All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned or before the 12th August or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWINE.

Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd July, 1929.

New Advertisements

NOTICE.

Mr. J. D. A. Hatchison, A.C.A., will be in charge of our Hongkong Office as from this date.

Signed,
THOMSON & CO.

FINANCIAL.

MONEYS up to \$150,000.00 are available for investment, subject to Trustee valuation.

Apply to:
LOWE, BINGHAM AND MATTHEWS.

"PEAK MANSIONS."

SITUATED within Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation.

FIVE-ROOMED AND SIX-ROOMED APARTMENTS.

with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and Out-houses, Two lifts.

Apply to:
CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT,

MASSEUR R. SHIMIZU.
MASSEUSE S. HONDA.
MASSEUSE S. KISAKI.

Recommended for many years by Government Civil Hospital, Poor Hospital, etc., and by all the local doctors.

No. 24, Wyndham Street. Tel. G.6945.

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—Large and airy Office Room, Facing Queen's Road Central. Apply to Kayamata and Co., 20, Queen's Road Central.

TO LET.—OFFICE in Asiatic Building. Apply to the Secretary.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—On Broadwood Road, two semi-detached 3 roomed HOUSES, with tennis court and garage to each house. Write Secretary, Post Office Box No. 22.

TO LET.—No 14, Knutsford Terrace, Kimberley Road, Kowloon, 6 roomed HOUSE with tennis court and view of harbour. Apply Mr. See Kon Chi. Exchange Building (3rd floor).

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—At Fanling (in On Lok Village), Furnished or Unfurnished, 4 Roomed HOUSE with Garden and Garage. Moderate Price. Apply Kwong Sing Hong, Ltd., 250, Des Voeux Road Central.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

VICTORIA PRIVATE HOTEL, HANKOW ROAD, KOWLOON, rooms with full board from \$95. to \$130. per month, double rooms for 2 persons with full board from \$180 per month, daily rates from \$4 per day, European management. Tel. K.357.



Easter expenses are mostly overhead.

Lammert's Auctions

PUBLIC AUCTION

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

on WEDNESDAY,
the 24th July, 1929
commencing at 11 a.m.
at their Sales Room,
Duddell Street.

A Quantity of Miscellaneous Goods.

comprising—

Carpets, Raincoats, Ladies' Shoes, Silk Handkerchiefs and Scarves, Ladies' Dresses, Socks, etc., etc.

On View from Tuesday, the 23rd July, 1929.

Terms—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT HIROS,
Auctioneers.

SHARE PRICES

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1265 n.

Chartered Bank, \$192 b.

Mercantile & Co., £33 n.

P. & O. £94 n.

East Asia \$94 n.

Insurance.

Canton Ins., \$630 n.

Union Ins., \$324 n.

North China Ins., Tls. 16 b.

Yangtze Ins., \$50 n.

China Underwriters, \$1.2 b.

China Fairs, \$305 b.

H. K. Fire Ins., \$770 n.

Shipping.

Douglas, \$276 n.

H. K. Steamboats, \$242 s.

H. K. Tug, \$2. s.

Indo-Chinas, (Del.) \$70 n.

Union Waterboats, \$22 n.

Mining.

Bengtu, \$3.10 b.

Kailan, \$2.6 b.

Langkawi, Tls. 141 b.

Shai Explorations, Tls. 2.75 n.

Ruabs, \$6.90 b.

Tronoh, 217 b.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$1263 b.

Whampoa Docks, \$321 n.

China Provident, \$4.30 b.

Hongkows, Tls. 168 n.

New Engineering, Tls. 64 b.

Shanghai Docks, Tls. 138 b.

Cottons.

Two Cottons, Tls. 14.40 s.

Oriental, Tls. 2.30 b.

Shai Cotton, Tls. 773 (old) b.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotel, \$8.55 n.

H. K. Lands, \$62 s.

Shai Lands, Tls. 147 b.

Humphreys, \$13.39 b.

Realto, \$8 b.

Public Utilities.

Tramways, \$19 n.

Peak Tram, (old) \$11.80 n.

Star Ferries, \$641 n.

China Lights, (Old) \$13.51 s.

H. K. Electric, \$55.35 b.

Macao Electric, \$267 n.

Telephones, \$7. b.

China Buses, Tls. 141 b.

Singapore Tractions, 11 b.

Industries.

China Sugars, 95 b.

Malabone, \$27 n.

Canton Iron, \$2.10 b.

Cements (Comb.), \$9 s.

Ropos (Old) \$7. s.

United Asbestos \$5 b.

Stores, etc.

Dairy Farms, \$19.60 b.

Watson, \$11.90 b.

Dor A. Wings, 80 b.

Lane Crawford, \$17 b.

Mackintosh, \$18 b.

Sinceres, \$12 b.

Miscellaneous.

Amusements, \$281 n.

Constructions, \$1.50 n.

B'que Ind. G. Bonds, 641

H. K. G. Loan 7% s. Prom.

K.P.O.

Registration July 26, 4.30 p.m.

Letters 27th 9 a.m.

G.P.O.

Registration 27th 8.45 a.m.

Letters 27th 9.30 a.m.

(Due Thursday Island August 6.)

Holbow, Pakhol and Haiphong

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow

Saigon, Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles

Shanghai

Portuguese

Registration 27th 9 a.m.

Letters 27th 10 a.m.

K.P.O.

Registration 27th 9 a.m.

Letters 27th 10 a.m.

(Due Marseilles August 31.)

Kwei Yang Wed, July 31, 8.30 a.m.

Fooching Wed, July 31, 10.30 a.m.

Sun Ning Wed, July 31, 12.30 p.m.

Marseilles 1st September.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

INWARD MAILED.

Par

Hanyang July 28.



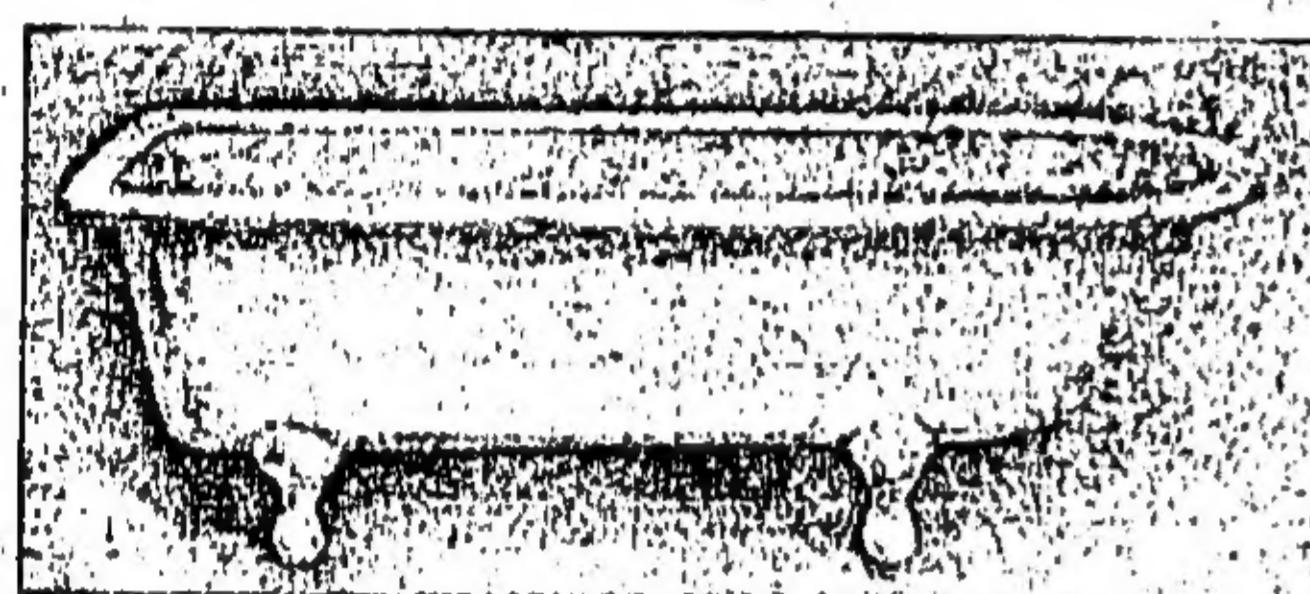
Before You Go into the Water.

Go to YEE SANG FAT

For a

BATHING COSTUME
For MEN, LADIES, CHILDREN.

YEE SANG FAT.



BATHS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS
SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED.

LEE YU KEE

SHOWROOM — 40, Queen's Road, Central. Tel. C. 1688
PLUMBING WORKSHOP — 14, Moon St. Tel. C. 4778
CEMENT TILE FACTORY — 83, Wakefield Rd. Tel. C. 1483

A FAMOUS EUROPEAN ACTOR

—blazing his way through
scenes of matchless splen-
dour to a thrilling climax.

IVAN MOSJUKINE

The star of

"MICHAEL STROGOFF"

in

**CASANOVA,
THE PRINCE OF
ADVENTURERS**

COMING TO THE

**QUEEN'S THURSDAY TO
SATURDAY**

WHY SUFFER?

When a bottle of our
PRICKLY HEAT LOTION
or POWDER.

*Is all that is required to
relieve you.*

THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY.
13, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Tel. C. 1877.

WOMAN'S WORLD FOR OUR LADY READERS.

Tennis Fashions.

MANY NOVEL ACCESSORIES.

The Wimbledon Tournament may decide tennis champions, but it doesn't always decide the smartest thing in sports clothes. The well-known players stick, surprisingly, to conventional kit, and it is the less serious enthusiast who delights in the charming diversity of the latest designs.

Once, a crepe de Chine frock was our idea of super-chic, but less expensive and infinitely more pleasing fabrics are now the last word. The most novel weaves, have a cool, canvas-like texture, and they are fashioned into serviceable one-piece designs, sleeveless and with ample pleated skirts.

Pretty Designs.

Tulle, shirting and washing silks are also employed, either plain, or striped, in fine lines. Linen is another attractive material, especially the new variety, which is guaranteed genuinely uncrushable. One pretty design with a waistcoat bodice and deep box-pleated skirt was piped with lemon, and there was a little lemon jacket to match. Another, in beige, was fashioned with a tunic bodice, to which was attached a deep pleated hem, bound with brown. It was accompanied by a brown and beige striped coat. Striped linens, comprising most charming colour contrasts, are greatly in vogue.

Sweaters—sleeveless, of course—are very smart and becoming, and are quite likely to supplant the cardigan in order of popularity. They are designed with a deep V in front, showing a fair expanse of frock. Amongst the newest jackets there are some amusing ideas in hand-knitting, severely tailored and bound round the revers, cuffs and hem with contrasting silk braid.

The Necessary Long Coat.

The classic long coat for adaptation after play is carried out in stockinettes; a pliable canvas, homespun and hopsack. Most of them are tailored—the straight, slim line has completely ousted the old-fashioned ulster effect—finishing with a narrow, upstanding collar. As often as not they have no fastening, being kept in place with a belt. A well-known woman's sports coat is carried out in oyster hopsack, with tiny patches pockets of matching kid.

Pleated chiffon bandanas are completed with a neat clip, which dues away with the need for "bandaging" the head, a process which rests rather on luck than judgment for its final effect.

A well-known firm is selling striped stockinettes brat scarves and fold-over handbags to match.



A side-pointed, gathered blouse is attached at the hipline to the straight foundation of this afternoon model in green suede de chine. A further novel feature is the pieced tie of matching georgette which is knotted loosely in front.

Success and Will-power.

Professor Rogers, speaking to the students of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, warned them that brains were less important to success than will-power, and he pointed out that a second-class brain and a first-class will were better than a first-class brain and a second-class will.

He is, of course, talking of what the world calls success—the attainment of wealth, place, or power—and many brilliant men and women who have striven after these things, and either have or have not gained them, would admit that the determination to persevere in the face of difficulties does often count for more than cleverness in the struggle with competitors.

But what matters most of all is that one should care intensely about the things that are offered for competition, and it is, I am convinced, only second-class minds which can care intensely about either money or fame.

The highest type of mind is that which recognises that the work done is itself the reward, and the mere doing of it, if it is felt to be the appointed task, supplies all the joys that lesser minds find in public applause and wealth.

for the modest sum of one guinea. Patterned tussore scarves are shown with matching handbags; their price is much higher. Linen pouches, set in wooden frames, are a novelty.

Sports shoes are shown in great variety. Buckskin and tan designs are the smartest thing for hard wear, while sandals, strapped and laced with contrasting coloured canvas or skin, are light and gay.

Your Children.

(By Olive Roberts Barton.)

The power of suggestion works magic in a young child's life. It works magic in anyone's life, but it is particularly potent in the young, because they haven't had time to grow a hard shell of scepticism. Faith is easy to plant then in the human breast.

I am not talking about religion or anything occult. When I speak of suggestion I mean any and every kind of suggestion that will work out for his good. The biggest word in this business of suggestion is "can."

"Tell a child he can't take his own bath or dress himself and he will be helpless baby for a long while to come. Tell him he can't eat his meat or spread his bread and he won't try. A little later on, just let him hear you say he can't win a race, or beat at marbles, or learn to bat a ball, or swim, and he won't do any of them—unless he is made of the unusual stuff that gets on its mettle when denounced, and says, "I'll show you."

War of Psychologies.

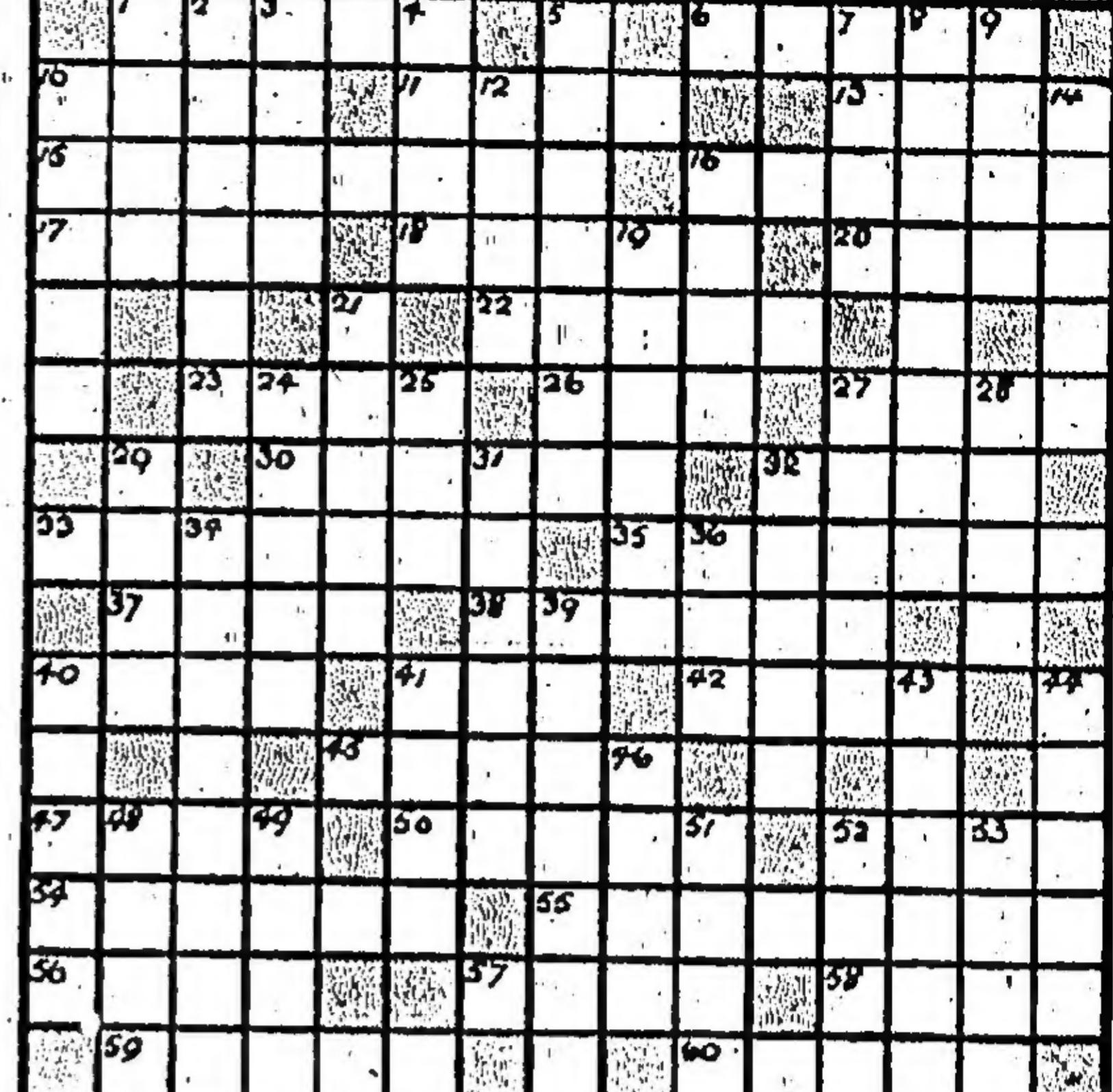
The old war between Grandma who rushes to kiss the sore place and Mother, who smiles and says, "There! That old mat hasn't any manners to trip you up like that!" is still on. Sentimentally I side with the grandmas, but there isn't any doubt in the world that the quick suggestion of the mothers, psychologically is absolutely right. The best thing for all of us is to get our minds off disaster no matter how small it is.

There is so much in the association of ideas, just as when we say "ball," "bat" rushes into our heads. We cannot disassociate them any more than we can "pencil" and "paper," or "ice cream" and "cake," "fall" and "hurt" or "fall" and "cry" go together invariably. Things do hurt—dear knows! I'm not saying the other way. But by suggestion, the mind of a child can be quickly averted to something else. It will have a decided effect on the way he meets trouble later on.

But the greatest good of the power suggestion acts inversely; it is the suggestion of power. Tell a child he can win the race, that he will make a fine batter, that he can play a game and beat, tell him he is smart and good and other complimentary things whenever you can, and then help him to make your statements come true. Take a lot for granted and show him you have faith in him.

I think you'll be surprised at the self-confidence it will breed.

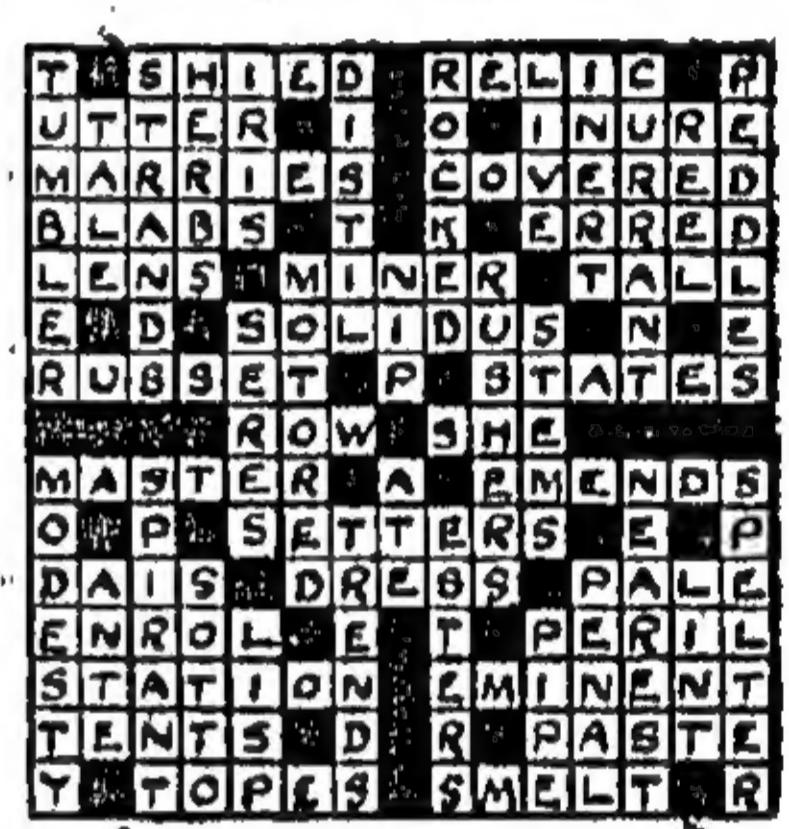
OUR NEW BRITISH CROSSWORDS.



Across

- 1 Diagram.
- 6 Man-eating fish.
- 10 Used for washing.
- 12 Inamato.
- 14 Barrenly.
- 16 Sacred song.
- 19 Lot.
- 21 Kind of Pipe.
- 23 Harmonize.
- 25 Make brown.
- 27 Food.
- 29 Smoke.
- 30 Roster.
- 31 Simpleton (Collq.).
- 32 Confined in a sty.
- 33 Protects a dress.
- 35 Observed.
- 36 Reciter.
- 38 Scorch.
- 41 Greasy.
- 43 Durable.
- 44 Two-legged animal.
- 46 Slip.
- 48 In a low place.
- 49 Melody.
- 51 Viscous.
- 52 Plent.
- 53 Sledge.

Yesterday's Solution.



Down

- 1 Wholesome.
- 2 Clasped.
- 3 Semi-circular projection of a building.
- 4 Conceal.
- 5 Right.
- 7 At a distance.
- 8 Humble.



HAIR WAVING IN THE COLONY

Mrs. BETEN
Tel. K. 681, Extension Room 34.
PENINSULA HOTEL

MASSAGE HALL
MRS. S. UZUNOYE
Expert Massusee.
27, Queen's Road C., 2nd floor.

CAR TROUBLE?
PHONE C. 4821
AND YOUR TROUBLES
WILL QUICKLY VANISH.

FIAT GARAGE
67, Des Voeux Road C.

By Blosser

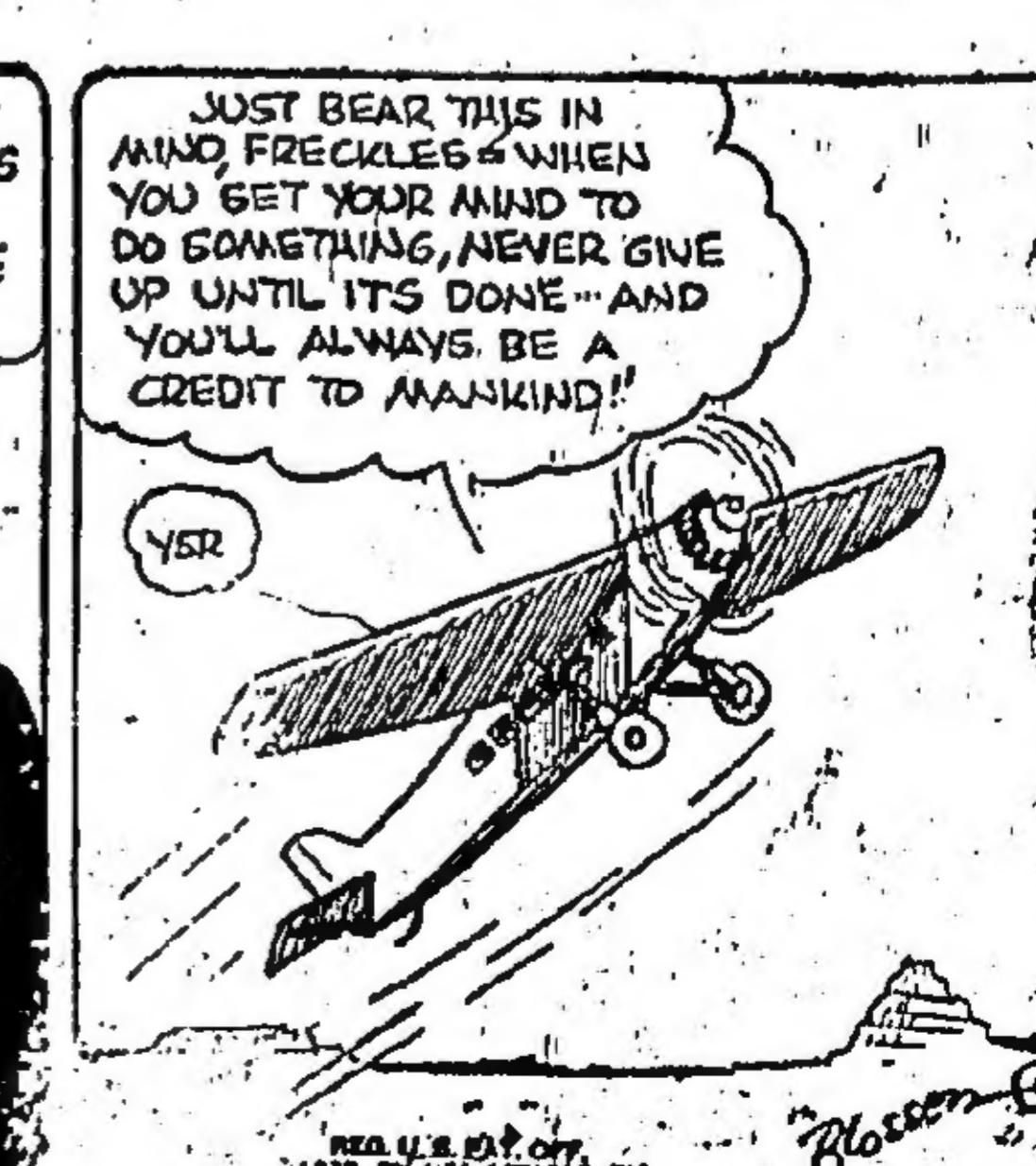
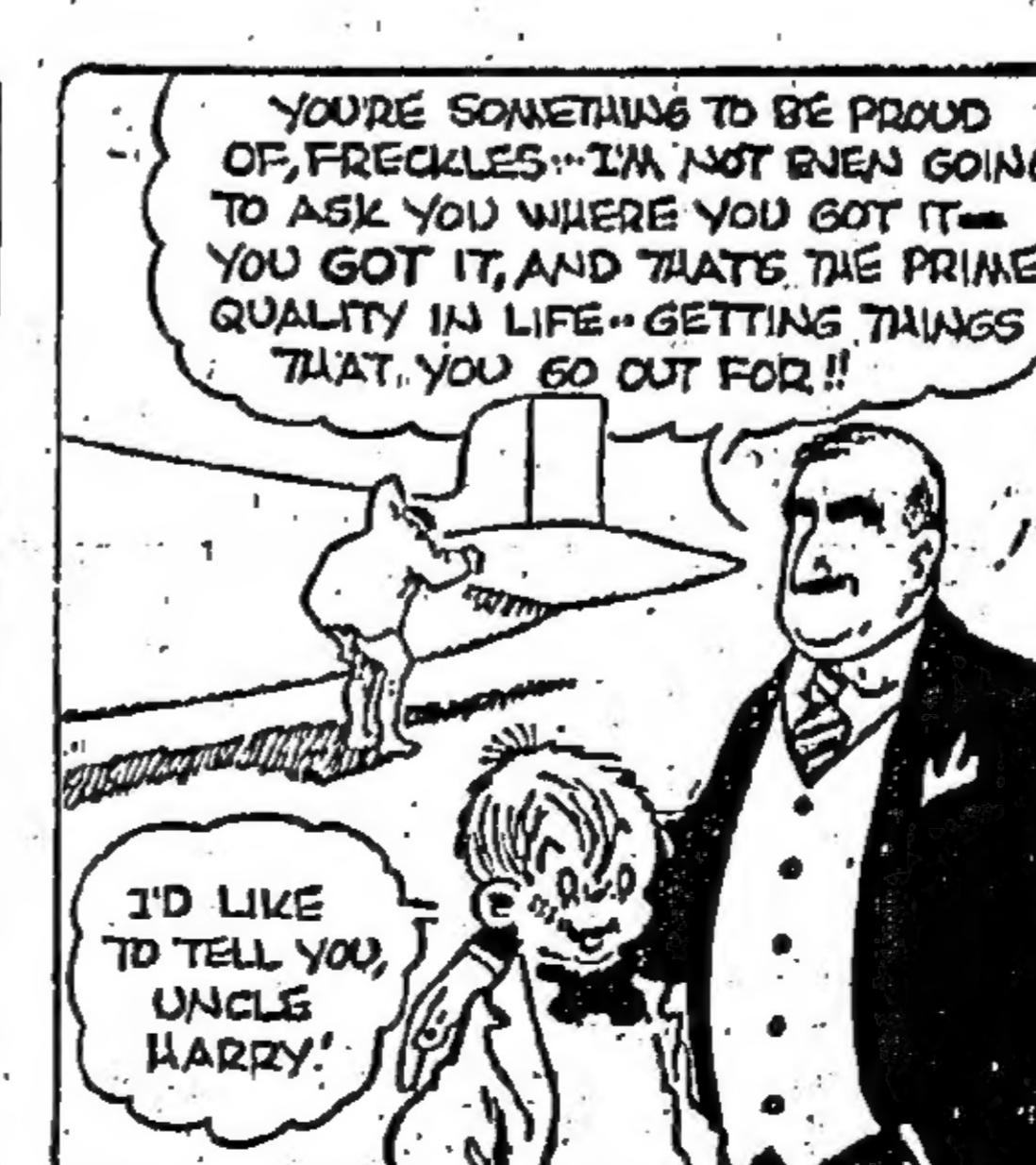


VEGETABLES
CHOICE and PURE.

**THE CLOVER
FLOWER SHOP**
ICE HOUSE ST.
Tel. 638.

RADIO WE STOCK
ALL SPARES
INCLUDING SHORT WAVE
EQUIPMENT.
COMPLETE SETS
BEST MAKES. LOWEST PRICES.
NOTE THE ADDRESS—
THE UNION STORE,
37, Des Voeux Road.

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



WHY SUFFER?

When a bottle of our
PRICKLY HEAT LOTION
or POWDER.

*Is all that is required to
relieve you.*

THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY.

13, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Tel. C. 1877.

For Picnics, Tennis Parties, etc., etc.

FORMAZONE

the non-alcoholic

CHAMPAGNE

An Excellent Substitute for Sparkling Wine, possessing wonderfully stimulating and refreshing qualities.

Dry Ginger Ale

Prepared from our own special formula, flavoured with real fruit essences and the finest Eastern spices. Uniquely by any similar product throughout the world.

ORANGE SQUASH

Made from
CALIFORNIAN ORANGES
and Pure CANE SUGAR.

Brewed Ginger Beer

The only brewed Ginger Beer in the Far East.

A Popular Favourite!

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Aerated Water Manufacturers.

Phone C. 436.

NOW ON SALE

The New Victor Records

For JULY

Including Two New Musical Masterpiece Albums

C-4 "Trial by Jury" (Gilbert & Sullivan)

(Sung by D'Oyly Carte Opera Company)

M-51 "Quartet in A Minor" (Schumann, Op. 41, No. 1)

(Played by Flonzaley Quartet)

Come in and Hear Them

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

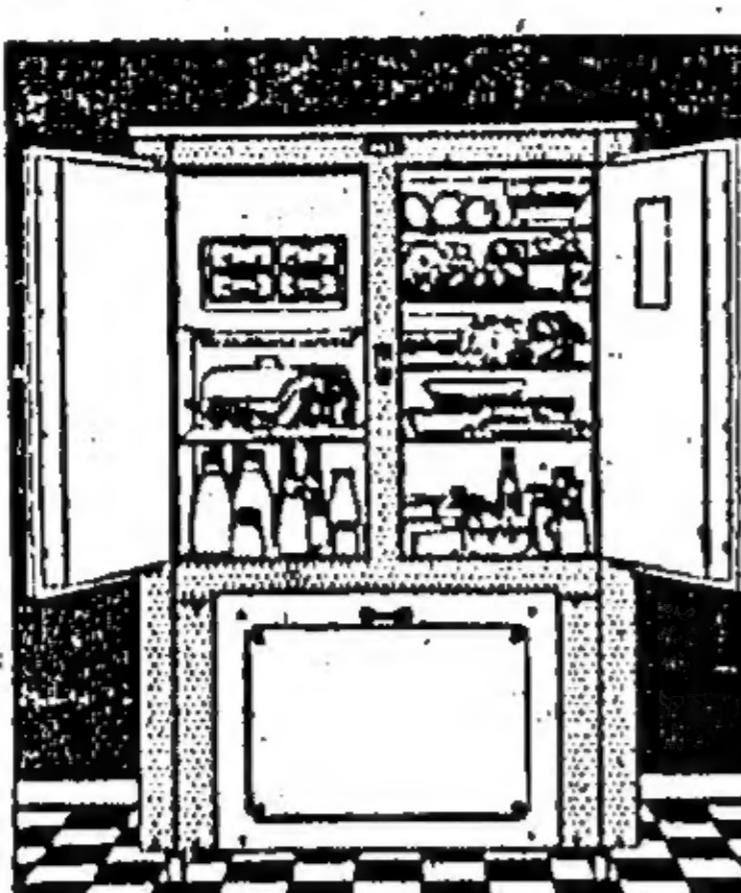
Chater Road.

LADIES' & KIDDIES' SHOE SALE

FURTHER REDUCTIONS TO CLEAR

Lane, Crawford, Ltd.

NOW IS THE TIME TO GET YOUR FRIGIDAIRE



THERE ARE DOMESTIC MODELS OF FROM FOUR TO EIGHTEEN CUBIC FEET STORAGE CAPACITY.

OVER
1,000,000
IN USE THROUGHOUT
THE WORLD.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Sole Distributors

HONG KONG & S. CHINA

MARRIAGE.

The marriage arranged between Mary Watts of No. 1, Queen's Gardens, and Paul England Barker of Messrs. Gibb, Livingston Co., Ltd., will take place at St. Joseph's Church, Garden Road, on Thursday 25th inst. at 11.30 a.m. There will be no reception but friends will be welcome at the church.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

TUESDAY JULY 23, 1929.

ARBITRATE!

The more the Sino-Russian crisis develops, the more obvious does it become that the dispute is eminently of the type which calls for arbitration. On the one side, we have official assurances emanating from Nanking to the effect that China does not want war; on the other, we read of the Russian Commissioner of Transport stating that the Soviet does not think of sending a single soldier across the Manchurian border. Yet coincident with these utterances, we have reports of troop movements and of other developments which bear all the impress of preparation for real hostilities. The danger, of course, is that some unfortunate clash may occur somewhere along the line, sufficient to provide one side or the other with what it regards as justification for a declaration of war. This much is certain, that the longer the situation is left in its present state, with its possibilities of serious developments, the more difficult will it be found of adjustment along peaceful lines.

Judging by the attitude both of Nanking and of Moscow, both nations consider that they have justice on their side. If they really believe this, then we cannot see what objection either can have to mediation by some disinterested Power, or, for that matter, by the League of Nations. One of the London journals has done well to point out that membership of the community of civilised nations and acceptance of such a Treaty as the Kellogg Pact imposes obligations, the observance of which is the first crucial test of international status and prestige. That is a point which both Russia and China ought to keep well in mind at the present juncture. It is, perhaps, an unfortunate circumstance that only one of the disputants is a member of the League of Nations, but the point must not be lost sight of that, under the Covenant of the League, China automatically accepts obligations not to resort to war. Indeed, the whole basis of

the Covenant favours the pacific solution of problems as they arise, and membership of the League therefore carries with it a presumption against warlike action unless and until all other means have failed. It is worthy of remembrance also that under the Covenant provision is made for such a case as that between Russia and China, in which only one of the disputants is in League membership. It is laid down that in the event of a dispute between a member of the League and a State which is not a member, the latter shall be invited to accept the obligations of membership for the purposes of the dispute, and that immediately after such invitation the Council shall institute an inquiry into the circumstances and recommend such action as may be considered most effectual. Should the non-member decline to accept the invitation and go to war with the member State, then the provisions of Article XVI become applicable, under which the offending nation is outlawed and the League then considers what action, naval, military or otherwise, is advisable. So far, the League has apparently taken no notice of the Russo-Chinese dispute, and we cannot help thinking that for the sake of its prestige it is making a big mistake by standing aloof.

"So far as the Chinese case is concerned, it is gratifying to learn from Dr. C.T. Wang that he does not consider Russia's interests in the Chinese Eastern Railway have been nullified by the seizure of the line. We agree with the *Daily Telegraph* that it is a pity that this point was not made clear from the start. It is also reassuring to learn that the fixed policy of the National Government is to adhere, in all relations with the Powers, to the proper diplomatic procedure. All the same, the point cannot be overlooked that this was not the attitude adopted in connexion with the seizing of the railway or the raid on the Soviet Consulate at Harbin. As a result of the Sino-Russian dispute, China becomes impressed with the necessity of respecting diplomatic usage and the sanctity of treaties in future, good may yet come out of the present crisis. But the first essential is an adjustment of the current situation on a peaceful basis.

Peak Water Supply.

When, nearly three months ago, public allegations of discrimination in favour of the Peak in the matter of water supply brought forth official assurances that the restrictions had not been fully enforced solely by reason of the complicated nature of the supply system, we little supposed that the future would find Peak residents nursing their cause for grievance. Not only, if the recently introduced Bill passes, has the Peak to pay for every particle of water consumed, but as from to-day, Peak residents are to be denied privileges enjoyed by the rest of the island consumers. Dr. Kotewall yesterday stated quite definitely that while the city mains are to be opened for twelve hours daily, the Peak will remain on four hours' supply. Incidentally we have far more water in storage than when the Peak was first placed on restricted supply. To those unaffected, the situation is rather amusing, and an explanation by the Government will be awaited with the keenest interest. What, for instance, has happened to the official declaration that instructions had been given to the authorities concerned that no discrimination whatever in the matter of restricted water supply shall be allowed, and "the P.W.D. is strictly adhering to those instructions throughout the Colony"? It is far from our desire to harry the Government in a matter of this kind, but we fear that the responsible officials are perilously near a ridiculous position. The Government says that the water controlled by the P.W.D. about one-fortieth goes to serve the requirements of Peak residents. If that is the case, an equivalent extension of hours is not likely to have a noticeable effect on the water consumption figures for the whole of the island. But what other explanation is there? In this another curiously conceived gesture to mollify the discontent, if any really exists, of another section of the community, or does it merely indicate that the Peak Residents' Association, which we believe still accepts obligations not to resort to war, needs a little shaking up?

Judging by the attitude both of Nanking and of Moscow, both nations consider that they have justice on their side. If they really believe this, then we cannot see what objection either can have to mediation by some disinterested Power, or, for that matter, by the League of Nations. One of the London journals has done well to point out that membership of the community of civilised nations and acceptance of such a Treaty as the Kellogg Pact imposes obligations, the observance of which is the first crucial test of international status and prestige. That is a point which both Russia and China ought to keep well in mind at the present juncture. It is, perhaps, an unfortunate circumstance that only one of the disputants is a member of the League of Nations, but the point must not be lost sight of that, under the Covenant of the League, China automatically accepts obligations not to resort to war. Indeed, the whole basis of

DAY BY DAY.

THE SEEDS OF OUR OWN PUNISHMENT ARE SOWN AT THE SAME TIME WE COMMIT SIN.—Hesiod.

Normal working of cables with Shanghai, and beyond, has been re-established.

Mr. J. D. Hutchison, A.C.A., is now in charge of the Hongkong offices of Messrs. Thomson and Co.

A report has been made to the Police to the effect that Privates Edward O'Donnell and Thomas Smith, of the K. O. S. Borderers, have been absent since Friday.

Passengers arriving by the Empress of France yesterday included Sir Ely Kadourie, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. Allan Cameron, Mr. P. A. Cox, Mr. R. A. Green, and Mr. E. des Vouex.

Mr. Albert P. Delfine, described as a merchant residing at the Hongkong Hotel, has reported to the Police the loss of his pocket book, containing a passport, passage ticket and G\$150, in Pedder Street yesterday afternoon.

The Legislative Council meets on Thursday, when the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga will ask a series of questions in regard to the Kowloon Tong Estate. The second readings of the Mercantile Bank Ordinance and the Bill to amend the Waterworks Ordinance will also be taken.

Corporal C. E. Thomas, of the R.A.S.C., was found not guilty before a District Court Martial held at Wellington Barracks yesterday morning on a charge of being drunk and incapable on July 12 at Wellington Barracks. Mr. Prior, of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, defended.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The Royal Observatory reports that a weak anticyclonic area lies over S. Japan and the Loochoo; a depression covers Tongking. Pressure is relatively low in the Pacific to the east of N. Luzon. The forecast till noon tomorrow is:—S.E. or variable winds, moderate; cloudy with rain, probably improving later.

BRIDGE MADE EASY

by
W.W. Wentworth

Abbreviations: A—ace; K—king; Q—queen; J—jack;
X—any card lower than ten.)

The Duck—1.

Very often you can make the most of a suit by deliberately losing the first trick. This method of play, called "ducking," is founded not only on the law of average probabilities but also on the expectation that the cards are normally distributed. Unless the bidding has furnished information to the contrary, play the hand on the assumption that the cards of a suit out against you are evenly divided between your opponents or nearly so. As a concrete example of ducking in actual play, examine the following explanation in which the declaration is two no trump:

Dummy—holding spades J 3; hearts 4 3; diamonds A K 7 6 5; clubs 8 2.

East—holding nothing of importance.

Declarer—holding spades A 10 2; hearts A 10 9 5; diamonds 8 3; clubs A J 4.

West—holding clubs K Q 9 7.

West leads clubs 7 and declarer takes with the Jack. To make game, declarer needs eight more tricks. He has three sure tricks, Aces, in his hand. He may win five tricks in diamonds by leading diamonds 8 and playing diamonds 4 from the dummy! The probabilities are that the five diamonds missing are divided three and two. By playing diamonds A on the next round of that suit and following with diamonds K all of the missing diamonds will fall, enabling the declarer to make the three remaining diamonds. In the dummy good and giving him a total of five tricks in that suit.

Lacking re-entry to the dummy in any other suit, declarer would fail to make more than six tricks out of both hands if he did not duck on the first round of diamonds. This manoeuvre gives him his only chance of making game.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Currency Problem.

[To the Editor of Hongkong Telegraph.]

Sir—I am indebted to friend "Pound of Flesh" for a more detailed statement of his case.

He holds \$20,000 in notes and what he dreams is that next year he may hold \$200,000 and be "caught napping."

Suppress a momentary impulse to enlarge on the fact that anyone in Hongkong who can postulate this pleasing possibility is never likely to be caught napping, I will proceed to deal briefly with his argument.

He was paid his \$20,000 in return for commodities he produced and sold at a price that he says was "forced down" by high exchange. But who brought about the high exchange? "Pound of Flesh" his price if not "Pound of Flesh" and others holding his views?

Exchange is higher now than when he sold his commodities and still he will not take his profit in gold and thus assist the banks to restore the dollar to silver parity.

What is he doing with all this money? "I have," he says "no intention of being 'caught out' by any inflation scheme of the banks." It does not occur to him, good easy soul, that the dollar is inflated is his dollar and that in fact the banks are being "caught out" by him.

He realises that he may lose if he hangs on to his fortuitous gains too long, but, thank God! "In the event of exchange coming down I can, if I have due warning, dispose of my paper before the drop to someone not so enlightened as myself."

Truth to tell the Currency Problem is not really a problem at all. It is just a bitter and heartrending struggle against Pounds and Pounds of Flesh.—Yours, etc.,

Hongkong, July 23rd, 1929.

The Very Idea!

M. Antoine, the inventor of the "single," combined the temperament of the poet with the fingers of the artist. Speaking of the "Louis Quinze" type of woman, he says, "One must put sparkle in her hair—she must be like champagne."

Why, bless you, Antoine, so she is.

For what but she supplies the "fizz,"

The golden gleam that glints thro' life's alloy?
Her "atmosphere" is "bubbly"—
And to emphasise it doubly—
Comes her wonderful resemblance to "The Boy."

The little man dashed into the police station. "Lock me up!" he cried. "My wife was worrying me, and I hit her over the head with the fender."

"Is she dead?" the inspector asked.

"No," was the reply, "that's why I want you to lock me up."

East Ham Man—You feel so ridiculous when a woman stands and swears at you.

Willesden Man—My employer has insulted me, by reducing me to a workman.

Wife at Old Street—My husband is a good workman, but otherwise he is a villain.

Question at Bow County Court—Were you a party to this agreement? Defendant—No, I only signed it.

Wife, curiously, at Willesden—A summons, please, against my husband for making no answer when I asked him for money.

Mr. Cairns, Magistrate, to a man at the Thames Court—Do you want to get into the House of Commons? Man—No, there are enough fools there without me.

How his customer could have failed to see the notice bearing the words "Wet Paint!" the grocer could not imagine, but he hurried forward to placate the angry man. "I am very sorry indeed, sir," he began, "but surely you noticed the warning as you came in through the door?"

"I did," retorted the victim, "but I've often seen similar notices here announcing fresh eggs, vegetables, butter, and so on, only to be deceived, and I suspected this sign was nothing more than another little fable."

Here is a lesson in road manners (says the *London Morning Post*) which many, besides taximen, might learn with profit. There is a small motor bus, owned and run by Indians, which piles for hire in Durban, and on the back is a notice in large letters, "Please use our dust."

When W. S. Gilbert was in America a Mrs. Malaprop, who met him and evidently mistook him for the musical partner of the firm of Gilbert and Sullivan, asked him a number of questions that revealed a plentiful lack of information on the subject of contemporary music, ending up with a query as to whether "Batch" (Bach) was composing anything just now.

"No, madam," replied Gilbert. "Batch hasn't composed anything for years; he is decomposing at the moment."

To-day's Ghost Story—"In the year 1889 both myself and my dog saw the ghost of a lady said to have been murdered near the spot, viz., Friday's Hill, Farnhurst, Sussex. It was, I believe, Midsummer Day and about 10.15 in the evening, the moon being very bright.

"I was going towards Haslemere, when nearing the foot of the hill, the dog stopped and began to whine, and calling him did no good; he left me and went howling back towards Farnhurst. Then I saw a lady a good way up the hill coming towards me. I was taking no particular notice of her, but when getting close to her I could see the hedge through her, though I could also plainly see what she was carrying and how she was dressed.

"She walked through me, and on looking round she had vanished. The dog stayed away all night and had to be fetched the next day."

WATER LEVELS.

FOR WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS.

The following table, compiled by the Board of Conservancy Works of Kwangtung, shows the water levels in English feet on the West, North and East Rivers on the dates named:

July 21, July 22.

Shihching	10.7	10.4
<tbl_info cols

FLOGGING FOR BAD CHARACTERS.**FOUR-YEAR SENTENCE ALSO IMPOSED.****SESSIONS TRIAL ENDS.**

The Puisne Judge sat in the Court usually occupied by the Chief Justice when the Criminal Sessions were resumed this morning. The reason for this was probably the heavy rain which yesterday afternoon made hearing in the Puisne Judge's Court difficult.

This morning, further evidence was taken in the case in which Wong Pui, Kong Yuk and Lai Yuk are charged with robbery by two or more.

The first two defendants are also charged with receiving stolen property, the case for the Crown being that the three men, with two others not in custody, raided a hut at Ngau Shu Wan village and, after tying up the occupants, stole certain articles.

Evidence to-day was given by a small boy, who said that when the robber entered he slipped away through the door of the hut and gave the alarm, and also by an Indian watchman at Kai Tak Aerodrome who said he received instructions to keep a special watch.

Threat to Shoot.

He saw two men approach from the direction of Ngau Shu Wan and called upon them to stop, threatening to shoot if they did not do so. He detained the two men in the guard room until a Police Sergeant arrived from Kowloon City Police Station and took them into custody.

Inspector Phillips said the first defendant was wearing a pair of trousers under his ordinary clothing, these being turned inside out. The second man was wearing a jacket which was too small for him.

A European Sergeant who went to the scene of the robbery said he found the third defendant lying on the ground about 200 yards away from the hut. He was in a very exhausted condition and gave the appearance of having been beaten. His condition was such that he had to be sent to hospital.

The statements made by the men when charged closed the case for the Crown.

In a statement from the dock, the first man said he had recently come down from the country and on the night of the robbery had gone to look for a friend. He denied participation in the affair.

"Bad Characters."

The second prisoner said that a policeman had put something that looked like a pawn ticket into his pocket. The pawn ticket was planted in his clothing and he had been falsely accused.

The third accused said he had been assaulted by mistake, and that he was innocent. None of the accused called witnesses in their defense.

In a brief summing up, Mr. Justice Wood said that the accused were arrested shortly after the robbery, wearing the allegedly stolen clothing. The arrests were made within an hour of the robbery. It was more likely that they had taken the articles than that they had received them from someone else. He asked the jury to consider the first count and to find for the prisoners on the others.

After a brief retirement, the jury found the first two prisoners guilty of the charge of robbery and not guilty of the other charges. The third prisoner was acquitted on all three counts.

The Language Difficulty.

"How is it proposed to overcome the difficulty of language?" I asked. "An English—or American—talking-film is necessarily limited to the two countries, and surely this means a great loss of revenue?"

"That is being faced, and the solution is simpler than you might imagine. For an important picture there will be three or more companies. The scene is set, and the English cast will be 'shot' and immediately afterwards the German and French companies will be taken in the same setting."

"What, in your opinion, will be the effect of the talking pictures on the silent cinema and the legitimate theatre?" I asked Mr. Abrahams as I left.

"The silent film will die a natural death. After people have seen two or three good 'talkies,' it will be unsatisfactory to watch silent characters on the screen. About the theatre everything second-rate, including many of the touring companies, will give place to the mechanical stage, but in my opinion the interest in the good play will be increased. By G.W.B. in the *Observer*.

Sir Montagu Sharpe, K.C., chairman of Middlesex Quarter Sessions, and Miss F. E. Hobson were recently married at St. Martin's Register Office, W.C.

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"Yes, I'm afraid it is a little skimpy."

THE "TALKIE" OF THE FUTURE.**"A GREAT CHANCE FOR THE BRITISH VOICE."**

There are at least two men who believe in the future of the talking pictures. They are Mr. A. E. Abrahams, who owns a great number of theatres in London and the provinces, and his son, Mr. David A. Abrahams. Both have been purchased and plans are in hand for a ring of fifteen cinema theatres round the outskirts of London. The average seating capacity will be 3,000, and the interiors will be of a semi-atmospheric nature somewhat on the lines of the Regal at Marble Arch. All these theatres, the first of which will be ready at Christmas, are being designed to accommodate talking films.

"Up till now in London," Mr. D. A. Abrahams said to me, "we have hardly realised the possibility of talking pictures. I recently went to New York to investigate the latest developments, and instead of going on to Hollywood, as I originally intended, I hurried back after six weeks in order that the plans for our new chain of cinemas could be altered to suit the new requirements. The theatre at Norwood was well advanced, and a good deal of the work has been scrapped. I think my visit was at the precise psychological moment, for what I saw in the laboratories, where the film people are working day and night, gave me a glimpse into the future."

Life-Size Pictures.

"What is the line of development?" I asked.

"In twelve months' time I think we shall see a stereoscopic picture in natural colours on a full-size screen, with perfect synchronised sound. The machinery is not complete yet, but I saw enough to know that the three-dimensional, life-size picture will be the cinema entertainment of the near future. Warner Brothers have just finished a film called 'On with the Show,' which is a hundred per cent. colour. The definition is perfect. There is none of the fuzziness usually associated with some of the previous attempts at coloured cinematography, and the eye strain is eliminated. That, however, was not life-size picture.

It is not necessary to send films with the photographs. The prints, for preference should be glossy black and white.

before the Court belonged to that organization and were not merely chance carriers.

Intimate Insight.

Finally, Revenue Officer Grimmit said his office was in possession of documents affording an intimate insight into the methods and activities of the gang.

The first of the smugglers brought before the Court was a woman, who was charged with the possession of no less than 732 trials of raw opium. The valuation given by the Revenue Office to the seizure was \$18,630.

Six round baskets with false bottoms and sides were exhibited to show how the drug had been hidden. A ball of wax was also opened to disclose a cavity within which several trials of the drug had been hidden.

The woman pleaded guilty to possession of one of the baskets only.

Revenue Officer Grimmit said that plea, although qualified, was good enough for the prosecution.

The woman, in any case, would be unable to meet a fine, and the prison sentence would hold good. His Worship inflicted a fine of \$1,000, which meant that the woman would go to prison for a year.

Other Cases.

A man was next charged with possession of 25 tales. The Revenue Officer said he belonged to the same crowd. A fine of \$1,000 was imposed.

BATHING SUITS.

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OPIUM SMUGGLING SYNDICATE.**REVENUE OFFICERS IN TOUCH WITH ORGANISATION.****SIX ARRESTS MADE.**

The activities of a gang of opium traffickers recently set up for the purpose of smuggling Chinese opium into the Colony were disclosed when six Chinese were charged, one after the other, this morning, before Mr. E. W. Hamilton with possession of the drug in varying amounts.

During the proceedings, Revenue Officer Grimmit said he was reluctant to disclose the name of the ship on board of which one of the smugglers was arrested, as that would be disclosing more than the Revenue Office thought was wise. They were expecting to make further seizures on the same vessel.

He revealed, however, that a syndicate had been newly formed at the port of exportation for the purpose of wholesaling import of the drug into the Colony, and that all of those now being charged

BATHING PICTURES.**Reminder to Amateur Photographers.**

Amateur photographers are reminded that the contest for the best bathing picture sent in during July will soon be closing, and they should forward their prints without delay. A prize of \$10 will be given for the best picture, and \$2 each for all others accepted.

It is not necessary to send films with the photographs. The prints, for preference should be glossy black and white.

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TURKEY RESENTS COMMUNISM.**FOREIGN INTRUDERS DENOUNCED.**

Constantinople, July 16.

A campaign of protest against Communist propaganda is proceeding actively. A meeting by the Universities was held here yesterday, in the course of which various orators denounced those who had lent themselves as accomplices to foreign subversive manoeuvres, and drew the attention of the country to the attitude of certain people, neighbours of Turkey, who are waiting on the frontier for an opportunity to intervene in the affairs of the country.

The merchants have passed a resolution voluntarily to cease trading with Russia.

Regarding France-Turkish relations, the newspapers here declare that the return of the Mersin-Adana Railway to Turkey by France, is the natural consequence of the policy of fostering friendly relations between the two countries. They express the conviction that those relations, political and economic, will become more and more closely bound as time goes on.

The policy of westernisation of Turkey has gone one step further with the decree to-day of the Minister of Education forbidding, absolutely, the use of the ancient characters in the Turkish alphabet, *Indopacif*.

WHOSE TENT?**COOLIE CHARGED WITH POSSESSION.**

The Yaumati Police are endeavouring to locate the owner of a small marquee tent bearing the name "Woodbury, U.S.A. Army," which was found in the possession of a coolie in Arthur Street early yesterday morning. It is believed that the tent was dropped by some bathers who were returning from the beaches on Sunday.

The lettering on the tent is in red, with a red fringe around the ridge.

The coolie was formally charged before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy, this morning with being in unlawful possession of the tent, but on the application of Inspector Marks, was remanded for 48 hours.

The prosecuting officer intimated that he was awaiting a claimant.

It is estimated that this island will bring into the municipal treasury of Pasay a revenue of not less than Pesos 1,000 a day, or Pesos 365,000 a year. In case the government wants to dispose of the lot, the council proposes to charge a minimum price of Pesos 50 per square meter.

They intend to call the place, "the Island of Joy." This project, if carried out, the council declared, will no doubt be one of the biggest attractions in the Orient and thousands of people will eventually come to see this island. Tourists from different countries may also visit the place, which will help boost the Philippines.

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KOWLOON WATER SUPPLY

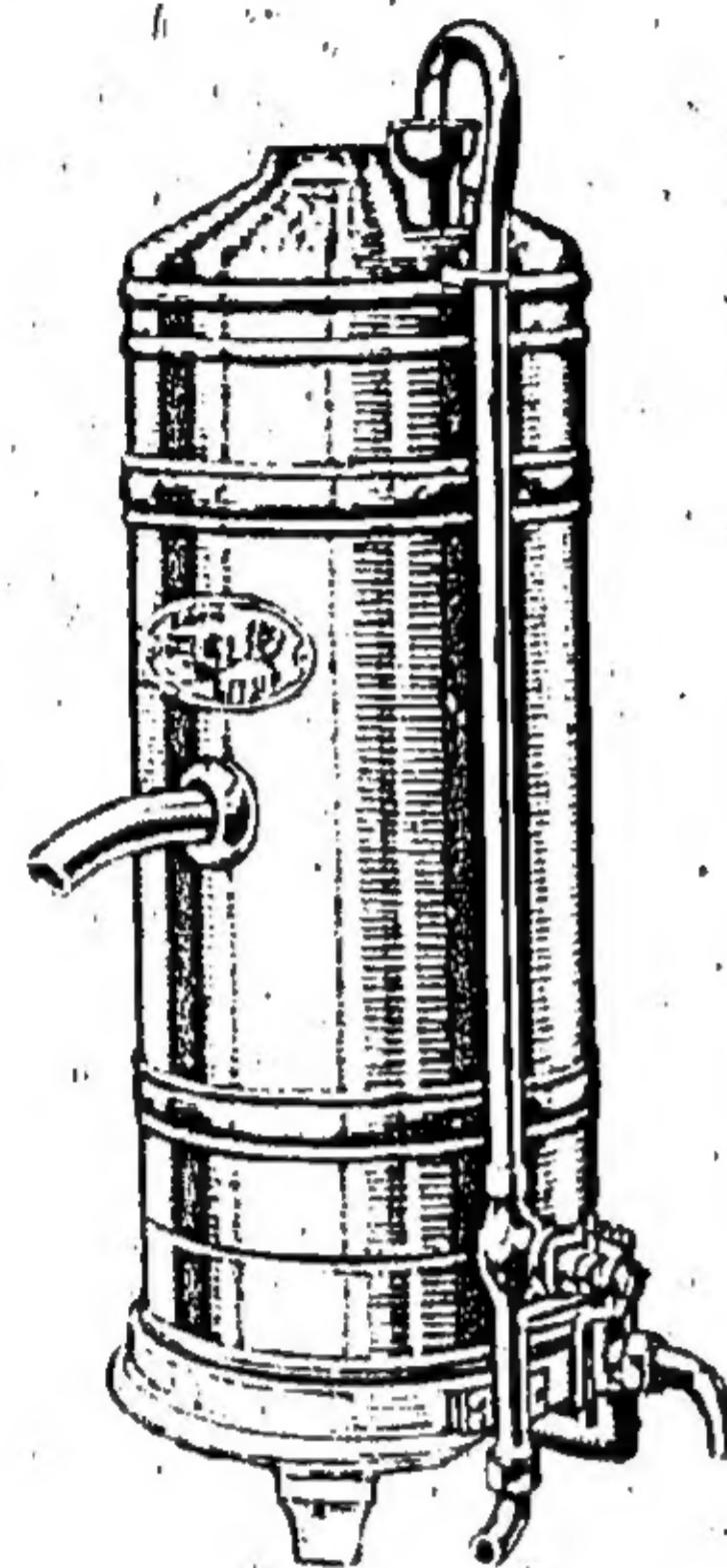
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PHONE:—CENTRAL No. 1116. Wing Woo Street
Tel. Central 25.**THE CONSERVATIVE REVERSE.****MR. A. C. N. DIXEY, M.P., AND THE CENTRAL OFFICE.**

Mr. A. C. N. Dixey, Conservative M.P. for the Penrith and Cockermouth Division of Cumberland, criticised the policy of the Conservative Party and the Central Office organisation in a speech to the Unionist Canvassing Corps at the Caxton Hall.

"I feel like one of the crew of a shipwreck," he said. "It would be idle to feel satisfied with the Conservative Party's position after the last election. The disruption of a huge constitutional party, as ours was by the poll, is a thing that ought not to have happened."

"We must have a really striking policy and we ought to have something definite for unemployment. In 1923 Mr. Baldwin, our own leader, said that there was only one cure, or doctrine to benefit unemployment and this was Protection for the working man's wage. That was the solution in 1923 and in 1924 we undertook that any trade that was suffering from foreign trade should be protected."

"I am sorry to say that that pledge has not been carried out. We have safeguarded such industries as the small industries of silk and buttons, but nothing has been done for the basic trades such as steel and iron, and we could give no satisfactory reply to the country for that."

"Our Conservative Party is controlled by a Central Office which, after all, is there to interpret the wishes of the rank and file. Our Front Bench leaders must agree to a policy that is definite and not indefinite. For instance, nobody knew whether Mr. Churchill agreed with the policy of safeguarding for the heavier industries."

The Rank and File.

Mr. Dixey said that it was the duty of the Central Office to make the wishes of the rank and file known to the party leaders. This the Central Office had not done during the last election.

"I do not think it fair," he declared, "that the chairmanship of the Central Office should be a position handed out without any responsibility to the rank and file. I think that perhaps in future the rank and file might elect the chairman themselves."

"In 1924 we had a clear mandate to safeguard the heavy industries. It was actual treachery in our own

U. S. BASEBALL.**LEAGUE RESULTS AND STANDINGS.**

New York, July 20.
Yesterday's baseball matches resulted as follows:

National League.

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburgh	1	6	0
New York	4	8	0
St. Louis	8	9	1
Boston	4	9	3
Cincinnati	4	9	1
Philadelphia	6	8	2
Chicago	11	14	2
Brooklyn	7	13	1

OXFORD HONORARY DEGREES.**VISCOUNT GREY'S LATIN SPEECH.**

Oxford, June 23.

The Spanish and American Ambassadors and the Prime Minister of Egypt were among the recipients of the honorary degree of D.C.L. at the Encaenia at Oxford to-day. Sixteen honorary degrees were conferred in all.

The customary ceremony was both picturesque and brilliant. The Chancellor of the University, Viscount Grey of Fallodon, in his gold embroidered robes, headed the procession of Doctors and heads of Houses from All Souls' to the Sheldonian Theatre, where the ceremony took place.

An unusual feature was the large number of Egyptians who had assembled to see the degree conferred upon the Egyptian Prime Minister, Mohamed Mahmoud Pasha.

There was only one incident to break the clock-work smoothness of the proceedings. Viscount Grey, whose eyesight, as is well known, is not strong, had memorised the Latin speeches which fell to his lot to make, and carried the proceedings through successfully with one exception. During the presentation of General Dawes, the Chancellor addressed him in Latin, but by oversight he omitted the last sentence which formally admits the recipient to a degree.

General Dawes made a few paces forward when the Chancellor remarked, "Oh, no." General Dawes then waited until Viscount Grey finished the Latin speech.

Distinguished Recipients.

The degree of Doctor of Civil Law was conferred on the following:

The Marquis Merry Del Val (the Spanish Ambassador), General Charles Gates Dawes (the American Ambassador), Viscount Chelmsford, Viscount Hailesham, Mohamed Mahmoud Pasha (the Egyptian Prime Minister), Mr. H. A. L. Fisher, Admiral Sir Osmond de Beauvoir Brock, General the Hon. Sir Herbert A. Lawrence, Sir S. Barefoot Butler, and Professor G. M. Trevelyan, of Cambridge.

The degree of Doctor of Science was conferred on Sir J. Alfred Ewing, Vice-Chancellor and Principal of the University of Edinburgh, and Sir William B. Hardy.

Sir Henry Churchill Maxwell-Lyte, Sir George A. Gleeson, and Mr. William M. Childs, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Edinburgh, received the degree of D.Litt., while Dr. Charles Sam-

SALVATION ARMY LEADERSHIP.**WAITING FOR NEWS OF ACTION OVER DEEDS.**

No news has yet reached Salvation Army Headquarters of the legal action which, it is understood, is pending to test the validity of certain deeds under which the late General Bramwell Booth was deposed from the leadership of the organisation.

"We are simply waiting for those who challenge the validity of the Supplementary Deed of 1904 to take legal action," said an official to an interviewer recently.

The Supplementary Deed is the one which appointed and outlined the duties of the High Council, which early this year adjudged the late General until, as a result of his long illness, to carry on his high office.

Secret in a Safe.

Meanwhile the name of his successor, which was placed in a sealed envelope by General Booth many years ago, will remain locked in the safe of the Army solicitors until the legal questions at issue are settled.

Should the validity of the deed be upheld the position of General Higgins will be confirmed.

If, however, the Courts decide against the deed the whole affairs of the Army will be in the melting pot again.

Lord Terry received the degree of Doctor of Music.

Dr. A. B. Poynton, the Public Orator, intruded each recipient to Convocation in a Latin speech. He referred to the Spanish Ambassador's long and intimate association with England... his eloquence as an English speaker, and his friendly support of British literature.

The American Ambassador was mentioned as "a messenger of peace and harmony" among the nations. Lord Hailesham (said Dr. Poynton) though not himself a member of either of the ancient Universities, had won the highest honours in the State, and restored to Eton, after a long interval, the proud distinction of having educated the Lord Chancellor.

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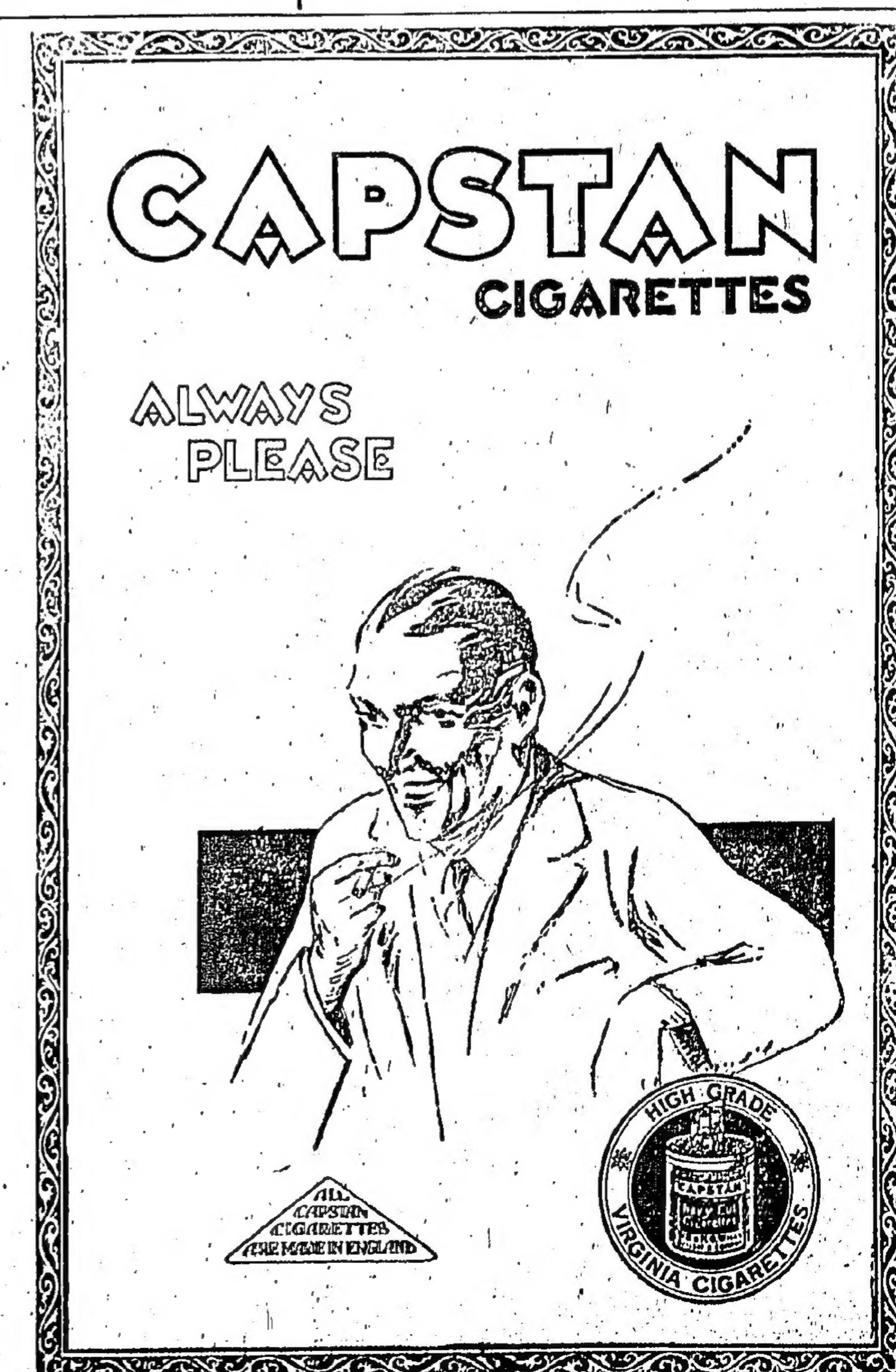
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EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Aug. 21	Aug. 24	Aug. 27	Aug. 29	Sept. 9	
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Sept. 4	Sept. 7	Sept. 10	Sept. 12	Sept. 21	
EMPEROR OF FRANCE	Sept. 25	Oct. 1	Oct. 3	Oct. 12		
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Oct. 9	Oct. 12	Oct. 15	Oct. 17	Oct. 26	
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Nov. 2	Nov. 5	Nov. 7	Nov. 16		
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Nov. 13	Nov. 16	Nov. 19	Nov. 21	Nov. 30	
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Dec. 10	Dec. 21	Dec. 24	Dec. 26	Jan. 4	
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Jan. 15	Jan. 21	Jan. 23	Feb. 1		
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Feb. 5	Feb. 11	Feb. 13	Feb. 22		
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Feb. 26	Mar. 1	Mar. 4	Mar. 6	Mar. 15	
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Mar. 12	Mar. 15	Mar. 18	Mar. 20	Mar. 29	

(E/Asia & E/Russia call at Nagasaki the day after departure from S'hal.)

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PORTHOIS ... 30th July.
CHENONCEAUX ... 13th Aug.
ATHOS II ... 27th Aug.
D'ARTAGNAN ... 10th Sept.
SPHINX ... 24th Sept.
ANGERS ... 8th Oct.
G. METZINGER ... 22nd Oct.
POUTHOS ... 5th Nov.

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OPIUM ON YANGTSZE.

IMPOSSIBLE TO SUPPRESS TRAFFIC.

The seizure of a large quantity of opium on the s.s. Kungwu at Kuklung on July 6, and the subsequent trouble among those that seized it and others who wanted to be "in the swim," is more symptomatic than startling, as it only serves to illustrate and to bring to public notice a state of affairs that has been going on for a long time, says *Shipping and Engineering*. As with the seizure on the Klangan last November, the Kungwu's seizure will possibly bring about a wave of righteous (?) indignation in Chinese circles, with the usual plethora of requests to end it forthwith. But that is all bumboing and hypocrisy; and everyone connected with shipping on the River Klangan knows it. Doubtless capital will be made of the fact that the seizure occurred on a foreign-owned vessel, for the Chinese are too astute to let pass another opportunity of having an "dig" at the foreigners such as the occasion offers.

In commenting on the Kiangnan affair last year, we said that we do not see or appreciate in the least what all the pother is about. We know that the sale and transportation of opium constitutes illicit business, and that the villains who are caught doing it are liable to all sorts and conditions of dreadful penalties—penalties which occasionally, very occasionally, are imposed. But the whole business is nothing but a mass of cant and hypocrisy, iniquity and bluff, out of the welter of which emerges the fact, undeniable and incontrovertible, that the business of dealing in opium in China, the rules and regulations and bye-laws against it notwithstanding, goes on at present, as it has gone on for years, on a vast scale, with the knowledge in most instances of the very authorities who are supposed to suppress it, and in not a few instances with their very condonation and connivance.

These remarks are as true to-day as when they were written, and the occasional instances which became public knowledge, as in the case of the Kungwu, give no real indication of the extent of the traffic. The shipping companies, and the officers of their ships, do all in their power to stop it, but with so many means of getting the stuff on board ship and off again, with the Chinese crews of the vessel in most cases pitting

THE COAL INDUSTRY.

QUESTIONS OF HOURS, WAGES & NATIONALISATION.

London, July 22.—A reduction in working hours and negotiation of a national agreement are the outstanding issues of the Miners' Federation conference at Blackpool.

Mr. Herbert Smith in a presidential address urged the nationalisation of mines, minerals and by-products, and confidently anticipated a reduction of hours in the present year. The past year was the worst on record regarding comparative wages, and short time, and he was of opinion that the time had come to approach the coal-owners with a view to the conclusion of a national wages agreement.—*Reuters*.

their wits and their knowledge and their experience against anything the officers can do to prevent it; and with officials high and low, military and civil, often concerned in shipments or induced to facilitate shipments in the many ways they are able; to attempt wholly to suppress the traffic is a hopeless task. There are, of course, exceptions, but the propensity for smuggling of drugs by Chinese and for Chinese constitutes a trait which centuries would not eradicate; and let us remember that the shipping companies and the masters and the officers of the ships do everything they possibly can, as undoubtedly they do, the smuggling will go on just the same.

Case of Chinese Vice-Consul's Wife.

Illustrative of the extremes to which people will go in the desire to smuggle the drug is the seizure by the Customs authorities at San Francisco of a big quantity of opium (and other contraband goods) which were found in the personal baggage of the wife of the Chinese Vice-Consul to the Port. Diplomatic immunity had been claimed for and granted to that baggage; and while diplomatic immunity usually presumes honourable behaviour on the part of those to whom it is granted, that fuel was not allowed to weigh in the case of the baggage of the Chinese Vice-Consul's wife. Whether she herself is guilty is beyond the point, the irrefutable fact remaining that advantage has been

taken, by Chinese, on behalf of other Chinese, to smuggle into America drugs and other contraband items excepted at, it is stated, more than \$500,000.

It has been a fact acknowledged for years that the total amount of opium seized by the authorities amounts in the aggregate to only an infinitesimal part of the aggregate that evades the eyes of the authorities or is taken by them cognisance of by them; and this is particularly so on the Yangtsze. Frankly, there is no remedy for the evil. If the military and civil officials of the country were quite above suspicion, there might be a chance of its being reduced to some extent; but with things as they are, to talk seriously of the suppression of the opium scandal is to utter rubbish. It cannot be done, and the Chinese know it; and let shipping companies do what they will, and the masters and officers of their ships take every reasonable precaution, opium is going to be smuggled as and when the smugglers think fit, as long as graft and squeeze and bribery and extortion continue to play the major part in the matter, which they do to-day.

A. HARBOUR CRIME.

REWARD OF \$500 OFFERED BY THE POLICE.

A reward of \$500 is being offered by the police for information leading to the arrest of the author of the murder which occurred at the beginning of this month when a sampan woman, named Ko Ng, and her 18-year-old son, were killed in their craft and their bodies thrown overboard in Victoria Harbour.

It will be recalled that the corpses of the two victims were some days later recovered from the water by the police, investigations then carried out revealing robbery as the motive for the crime.

In a C.I.D. circular just issued, a detailed list is given of the pieces of jewellery known to have been stolen, and which amount in value to nearly \$500. Mention is also made of the fact that a quantity of sovereigns and half-sovereigns is included in the property stolen.

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LONDON SERVICE

"IDOMENEUS" 23rd July Miles, London, B'dam & H'burg
"PATROCLUS" 7th Aug. Miles, London, B'dam & G'gov
"ACHILLES" 20th Aug. Miles, London, B'dam & H'burg
+ Call at Casablanca.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

"AGAPenor" 20th Aug. Genoa, Havre, L'pool & G'gov
"PHOTOCLAUS" 14th Sept. Genoa, Havre, L'pool & G'gov

PACIFIC SERVICE

via Kobe & Yokohama
"IXION" 1st Aug. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle
"TYNDAREUS" 23rd Aug. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle

NEW YORK SERVICE

"ADRASTUS" 4th Aug. New York, Boston & Baltimore
"PHEMIUS" 2nd Sept. New York, Boston & Baltimore

INWARD SERVICE

Due For Shanghai
"AGAPOR" 23rd July Singapore, Marseilles & London
"ANTENOR" 25th July S'hai, T'iao, W'wei, Taku & Dalny
"MERIONE" 31st July Shanghai & Hankow

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

From COPENHAGEN.

The Motor Vessel

"JAVA"

having arrived, consignees of cargo are hereby informed that all goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., where delivery can be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns and all goods remaining undelivered after the 17th July, 1929 at 4 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the godown, where they will be examined by Messrs. Anderson and Ashe on the 26th July, 1929 at 10 a.m.

All claims against the vessel must be presented to the Undersigned before the 30th July, 1929 or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.
Agents.
Hongkong, 20th July, 1929.

N. Y. K. LINE.
(NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA).

From EUROPE and STRAITS.
The Steamship

"HAKUSAN MARU,"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 28th July, 1929, will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee's and the Co.'s representatives on any Tuesdays and Fridays, at 2.30 p.m. within the free storage Period.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns. No Fire Insurance has been effected.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Hongkong, 21st July, 1929.

MOTOR COACH CRASH.

THREE WOMEN KILLED IN WHITBY ACCIDENT.

London, July 22.

Three women were killed and thirty injured, many seriously, owing to a motor coach in which they were taking an outing getting out of control when at the top of a steep hill near Whitby, Yorkshire.

The party was organised by the Hull branch of the British Legion.

The coach turned a somersault when it reached the bottom of the hill, and then overturned.—*Reuter*.



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" " Moji " " H.\$190

" " Kobe " " H.\$210

" " Yokohama " " H.\$235

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu

Siberia Maru Wednesday, 24th July.

Takao Maru Wednesday, 7th Aug.

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports

Mishima Maru Monday, 29th July.

Iyo Maru Monday, 12th Aug.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suoz.

Suwa Maru Saturday, 27th July.

Fushimi Maru Saturday, 10th Aug.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.

Aki Maru Wednesday, 24th July.

Kaga Maru Wednesday, 21st Aug.

BONBON via Singapore, Panang & Colombo.

Nagato Maru Saturday, 27th July.

Tama Maru Sunday, 11th Aug.

SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.

Bokuyo Maru Monday, 19th Aug.

SOUTH AMERICA (EAST COAST) via Singapore, Capetown & Ports.

Bingo Maru Friday, 9th Aug.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, HAVANA via Panama.

Atago Maru Thursday, 25th July.

Kuma Maru Sunday, 4th Aug.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Constantinople, Genoa & Marseilles.

Delagoa Maru Sunday, 11th Aug.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

Bengal Maru Thursday, 8th Aug.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

Kawachi Maru (Moji Direct) Tuesday, 23rd July.

Muroran Maru (Moji Direct) Saturday, 27th July.

Sado Maru Wednesday, 31st July.

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And CHINA MUTUEL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees, per Company's Vessel,

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From SEATTLE, VANCOUVER and VICTORIA via JAPAN.

are requested to take delivery of Flour and Lumber shipments as soon as the vessel is ready to discharge and are hereby notified that if their

fitters are not placed alongside the

steamor as required, their shipments

will be discharged into Holt's Wharf

Kowloon, at their expense, where the cargo will be taken at their risk and expense and subject to the terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf.

Steamer will commence discharge on the 22nd July.

General cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns and all goods remaining undelivered after the 17th July, 1929 at 4 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the godown, where they will be examined by Messrs. Anderson and Ashe on the 26th July, 1929 at 10 a.m.

All claims against the vessel must be presented to the Undersigned before the 30th July, 1929 or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, 20th July, 1929.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Kowloon Bus Service.

[To The Editor of Hongkong Telegraph.]

Sir,—

It is of no little annoyance to the passengers of the Kai Tak buses from Kowloon City to find these vehicles invariably arriving at the Ferry Wharf just in time to miss the ferry for Hongkong, and because of this manoeuvre, which has been brought to a fine art on the part of the drivers, time is wasted. But there was some justification for this as the buses had to meet the ferries from Hongkong for passengers, and had the former arrived earlier, the traffic policeman would order them to leave, before the arrival of the clientele by the next ferry, on account of traffic congestion under the old system of parking. Now the new system of parking is introduced, the necessity for practising this fine art by the drivers no longer arises. I submit that there is now ample time for these buses to arrive at the Kowloon Ferry in time to enable the passengers to catch the ferries and also enable the buses to accommodate the passengers coming by the next ferry from Hongkong. To do this there is no necessity whatsoever to alter the schedule. My suggestion makes for efficiency and I charge nothing for it. It is strongly recommended for adoption by the Hongkong Tramways Co., the proprietors of the Kai Tak Motor Bus Co., Ltd.—Yours, etc.

WHYNOT.

"Après Un Reve."

"Chanson Villageoise."

Violincello, Pablo Casals.

"Morning, Noon and Night in Vienna,"

(Suppe), Overture,

Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra.

"Coventry Carol."

Brutone, John Brownlee.

"Nutcracker Suite," (Tchaikovsky).

1. Overture Minature.

2. Marche.

3. Dance of the Sugar Plum Fairy.

4. Russian Dance.

5. Arab Dance.

6. Chinese Dance.

7. Dance of the Flutes.

8. Waltz of the Flowers.

Leopold Stokowski Conducting the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra.

"I Kiss Your Hand, Madam,"

Baritone, Austin Egen.

"Capriccio Italiano," (Op. 46).

Berlin State Opera Orchestra.

"What did the Village Blacksmith Say?"

Humorous, Leonard Henry.

"At Dawning," (Cadamian),

Shepherd's Lullaby,"

Organ Solo, F. Rowland-Tims.

"Till the Sands of the Desert Grow Cold,"

Rolling Down 't Rio," Bass-Baritone, Peter Dawson.

"Mirage," (Contes), Instr. Trio—De Groot—Violin, David Bor—Piano, H. M. Calve—Cello.

"Lillies of Lorraine," Tenor, John McCormick.

"A Rose for Every Heart," Tenor, John McCormick.

"The Daughter of the Regiment," (Donizetti) Overture, Members of La Scala Orchestra.

Milan.

10.30 p.m. Close down.

SUNDAY SERVICE.

CHUEN CHOW TO MAKE SPECIAL TRIPS.

As a result of direct competition with the vessels of the Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Co., the s.s. Chuen Chow has not only cut down her rates, but has, since July 14, started running to Hongkong on Sunday evenings instead of laying up at Macao as she used to do.

As far as can be gathered, this scheme has so far been quite successful as shown by the fact that this vessel brought on an average of 700 passengers from Macao to Hongkong on July 14 and on Sunday.

The s.s. Chuen Chow usually leaves Macao for Hongkong every morning and returns to Macao every afternoon.

In accordance with her new scheme, she leaves here on Saturday afternoon, and instead of laying up at Macao on Sunday as she used to do, she leaves for Hongkong at 6 p.m., an hour later than the s.s. Sui Tai.

As she has to leave Macao every morning the Chuen Chow sails for the Portuguese Colony immediately after all the passengers have landed on Sunday evening, leaving here at about 10 p.m. and reaching Macao shortly after one the next morning in order to allow her to sail for Hongkong on Monday at 8 a.m. according to schedule.

BERLIN HEAT DEATHS.

THOUSANDS RECEIVE FIRST AID AT NUREMBERG.

Berlin, July 22.

It was the hottest day of the year here yesterday when the thermometer reached 93.2 Fahrenheit.

There were eight deaths owing to heat and drowning.

There were 100,000 bathers at Wansse, while at Nuremberg 5,750 heat cases received first aid treatment.—*Reuter*.

ALL THE OCCUPANTS RESCUED BY LAUNCH.

An accident which might have incurred the loss of several lives occurred on Sunday evening about 6 o'clock when a sampan, towed by a launch, capsized at North Point, precipitating all the occupants into the water.

A party of Chinese had been on a bathing plebe to Deep Water Bay and on the return journey the rope, by which the sampan was connected to the launch, snapped into two when they had reached a point opposite the Ming Yuen Gardens at North Point. As a result the sampan capsized and the crew of five were thrown into the water. They were all rescued by the people on the launch and the sampan was later righted.

TELEPHONE SERVICE TO BE OPENED THIS YEAR.

Paris, July 22.

The Postmaster General has

tabled a Bill authorising credits

for the construction of a radio-telephone system between France and Indo-China. It is expected that the service will open in November.

—*Reuter*.

RADIO BROADCAST.

THE LOCAL PROGRAMME FOR TO-DAY.

Broadcast by Z.B.W. on 350 metres.

5.30-6.30 p.m. Programme of Chinese Music, (Records supplied through the courtesy of Mearns, Tien Sau Tong).

7.48 p.m. Evening weather report.

8 p.m. Evening Programme, (Victor and H.M.V. Records supplied through the courtesy of Mearns, Tien Sau Tong).

9.15 p.m. Radio Broadcast.

10.30 p.m. Radio Broadcast.

11.45 p.m. Radio Broadcast.

12.15 a.m

THE HONGKONG
PENINSULA HOTEL:
HONGKONG HOTEL, REPULSE BAY HOTEL,
PEAK HOTEL
AND
SHANGHAI
ASTOR HOUSE, PALACE HOTEL,
MAJESTIC HOTEL,
HOTELS
LIMITED.
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Central, Convenience, Comfort, Good Meals & Moderate rates:
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Ideal Place for week ends.

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Tel. Kowloon No. 3. Tel. Address "PALACE".

UNDER ENTIRELY EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.
A first class Residential and Tourist Hotel with all the conveniences of a Home.

Bar and three Billiard Tables; two in New Billiard Saloon.
Moderate Terms; families specially catered for.
MRS. J. H. OXBERRY,
Proprietress.
Hotel newly renovated.

EUROPE Cables:—"EUROPE" Singapore.

HOTEL SINGAPORE

After dinner dancing every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Grill

THE EUROPE HOTEL LTD.

Arthur E. Odell, Managing-Director.

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(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements.)

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Overlooking the Sea.

Hot and Cold Running Water. Modern Sanitary System. Highest Quality Catering.

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Just the Very Brand.

A SAHIB BEER

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, LTD.

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SOUTH AFRICA AND TWO-DAY CRICKET SCIENCE ONCE AGAIN.

EARL ATHLONE WELCOMES BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

PLEASING GESTURE.

Capetown, July 22: The formal opening of the annual session of the British Association at the City Hall was attended by a distinguished gathering, including General Hertzog, the South African Premier, and Dr. Mular.

The Earl of Athlone, who received a wonderful ovation, extending a welcome to the delegates, dwelt on the importance of scientific research to South Africa, and concluded by expressing the hope that the labours of the Association would benefit South Africa. Sir Thomas Holland was then installed as President.

Dr. Hofmeyr, the President of the South African Association, drew attention to the immense opportunities for science in Africa, firstly to make the continent safe for white habitation; secondly to combat the forces hostile to the development of agriculture; thirdly to harness the continent's great resources. Dr. Hofmeyr said he hoped the visitors during their stay would suggest new paths of development for scientists in South Africa.

A profound impression has been created all over the Union by the action of Dr. Kinnin, the President of the Education Section of the Association, and four other leading members, in attending the funeral service held for Dr. Viljoen, the famous South African educationalist.—*Reuter*.

MOSCOW ADAMANT.

(Continued from Page 1.)

opinion has been favourably impressed by the reported Soviet attitude against hostilities.

The Chiang Kai-shek manifesto is calculated to injure China in the opinion of the world.—*Reuter's American Service*.

British Mails.

London, July 22.

The Post Office, London, announced that the despatch of mails to China and Japan via Siberia has been suspended until further notice.

Correspondence received specially superscribed for the Siberian Route will be diverted to the North American and Suez Routes.—*Reuter*.

Mr. Sun Fo For Harbin.

Shanghai, July 23.

Mr. Sun Fo, the Minister of Railways, left Nanking for Tientsin yesterday, accompanied by a high official of the Chinese Eastern Railway.

It is understood that they will proceed to Harbin to discuss the railway incidents with the local authorities.—*Nan Chung Pao*.

CHINA'S LATEST NOTE.

Reiteration of the Desire for a Peaceful Settlement.

Nanking, July 22.

It is reported that the Foreign Office has sent another Note to the Soviet, reiterating the desire of the National Government to settle the Chinese Eastern Railway issue by peaceful negotiation.

Also, separate Notes have been sent to the Kellogg Pact signatories, stating that China wishes to defend its rights and has no intention of starting a war with Russia. The Notes point out that the Soviet Government, which has started an offensive on the Chinese border, is the party which violated the spirit of the Kellogg Pact.—*Reuter*.

Home Comment on Dr. Wang's Statement.

London, July 22.

The Daily Telegraph states that if Dr. Wang's statement disclaiming Chinese nullification of the Russian interests in the Chinese Eastern Railway had been plainly stated at the outset, the Nanking Government would have been spared the bitterness of criticisms passed upon it, even in those quarters in Britain and elsewhere most disposed to regard it with favour.

The journal thinks, however, that this has all the appearance of a case of second thoughts induced by those criticisms and the impression is strengthened by Dr. Wang's assurance regarding his respect for foreign enterprises. It is difficult to reconcile this with earlier Chinese declarations on the subject. The paper considers both nations have good practical grounds for not going to war and that the dispute affords a clear case for arbitration.—*Reuter*.

SEQUEL TO MOTOR SMASH.

POSSIBLE CLAIM FOR DAMAGE MENTIONED.

POLICE COURT CASE.

Mention was made of a motor smash and probable claim for damages when Mr. Andrew Tee was summoned before Mr. E. W. Hamilton, at the Central Police Court this morning, for negligent driving. The mishap was stated to have occurred on June 30.

Mr. A. S. MacKichan, of Messrs. Leigh and Orange, appeared to inform the Court that it was his car which was involved with that of Mr. Tee's in the collision.

Mr. Tee:—Mr. M. K. Lo is appearing for me. I believe he has written your Worship a letter.

Inspector Nicol:—Mr. Lo rang up this morning and asked if the case could be put over until two o'clock on Thursday.

Mr. Tee:—I believe Mr. Lo has sent the letter to Major C. Wilson, because the summons was issued in Major C. Wilson's name.

His Worship:—If the solicitors are not here, what can we do?

Addressing Mr. MacKichan, his Worship said:—I am sorry to give you the trouble of coming up. If I had known there was going to be a remand, I would dispense with your attendance. I take it that at the back of these proceedings there will be civil proceedings on the question of damages?

Mr. MacKichan:—I know nothing about that, your Worship.

Later, Mr. MacKichan said the matter was in the hands of his insurance people.

The summons was provisionally adjourned for one week.

STARTLING WATER STATISTICS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

The rain experienced in the past twenty-four hours has varied from 1.25 to 1.50 inches, Kowloon having, apparently, not received the full effect of the rainstorms over the Colony.

There are no restrictions in Kowloon, and none are likely for a long time hence.

Drought Broken.

With an average of well over an inch of rain a day for the past fortnight, it may be taken for granted that the long drought has been definitely broken, and the solution of the Colony's water problem is not far off.

At the Royal Observatory, in the twenty-four hours ended at ten o'clock this morning, 2.96 inches of rain were registered, making 5.70 inches in the past 48 hours, and 31.13 inches for the year, against an average for the year of 47.95 inches.

On July 10th, the rainfall for the year was 15.13 inches. In the interim, therefore, more rain has fallen than in the previous six months.

Weekly Return.

The weekly analysis of the Colony's water consumption, states:—

The total storage in the island reservoirs on the morning of Monday, 22nd July, amounted to 460.22 million gallons showing an increase of 108.16 million gallons during the past week; the amount collected from streams being 125.21 million gallons.

The week's consumption totals 25.32 million gallons and is made up as follows:—

From City Mains	17.06
" Taikoo	.28
" Lai Chi Kok	3.73*
" Tsui Wan	1.82*
" Steamers etc.	2.43*
	25.32

To Tanks

Kowloon Water Supply.

The total storage in the mainland reservoirs on the morning of Monday, 22nd July, amounted to 277.00 million gallons showing an increase of 69.69 million gallons during the past week.

The week's consumption, excluding supplies to Hongkong is 23.28 million gallons plus .14 from the Tsim Wan supply making a total of 23.42 million gallons.

The yield from the Shing Mun River and streams during the week is 96.75 million gallons.

Honorary degrees of D.C.L. and D.Sc. were recently conferred respectively on Mr. Baldwin and Sir F. Dyson, Astronomer Royal, at Durham University.

27 eggs in 28 days were laid by the highest producing hen, the property of Mr. Lloyd George, in the Surrey Agricultural Committee's egg-laying trial.

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